Vol II Issue VI Dec 2012

Impact Factor : 0.1870

ISSN No :2231-5063

Monthly Multidisciplinary Research Journal





Chief Editor Dr.Tukaram Narayan Shinde

Publisher Mrs.Laxmi Ashok Yakkaldevi Associate Editor Dr.Rajani Dalvi



IMPACT FACTOR : 0.2105

Welcome to ISRJ

RNI MAHMUL/2011/38595

ISSN No.2230-7850

Indian Streams Research Journal is a multidisciplinary research journal, published monthly in English, Hindi & Marathi Language. All research papers submitted to the journal will be double - blind peer reviewed referred by members of the editorial Board readers will include investigator in universities, research institutes government and industry with research interest in the general subjects.

International Advisory Board

international Advisory board			
	Flávio de São Pedro Filho Federal University of Rondonia, Brazil Kamani Perera	Mohammad Hailat Dept. of Mathmatical Sciences, University of South Carolina Aiken, Aiken SC 29801	Hasan Baktir English Language and Literature Department, Kayseri
	Regional Centre For Strategic Studies, Sri Lanka		Ghayoor Abbas Chotana Department of Chemistry, Lahore University of Management Sciences [PK
	Janaki Sinnasamy Librarian, University of Malaya [Malaysia]	Catalina Neculai University of Coventry, UK] Anna Maria Constantinovici AL. I. Cuza University, Romania
	Romona Mihaila Spiru Haret University, Romania	Ecaterina Patrascu Spiru Haret University, Bucharest	Horia Patrascu Spiru Haret University, Bucharest, Romania
	Delia Serbescu Spiru Haret University, Bucharest, Romania	Loredana Bosca Spiru Haret University, Romania	Ilie Pintea, Spiru Haret University, Romania
	Anurag Misra DBS College, Kanpur	Fabricio Moraes de Almeida Federal University of Rondonia, Brazil	Xiaohua Yang PhD, USA Nawab Ali Khan
	Titus Pop	George - Calin SERITAN Postdoctoral Researcher	College of Business Administration
Editorial Board			
	Pratap Vyamktrao Naikwade ASP College Devrukh,Ratnagiri,MS India	Iresh Swami Ex - VC. Solapur University, Solapur	Rajendra Shendge Director, B.C.U.D. Solapur University, Solapur
	R. R. Patil Head Geology Department Solapur University, Solapur	N.S. Dhaygude Ex. Prin. Dayanand College, Solapur	R. R. Yalikar Director Managment Institute, Solapur
	Rama Bhosale Prin. and Jt. Director Higher Education, Panvel	Narendra Kadu Jt. Director Higher Education, Pune K. M. Bhandarkar	Umesh Rajderkar Head Humanities & Social Science YCMOU, Nashik
	Salve R. N. Department of Sociology, Shivaji University, Kolhapur	Praful Patel College of Education, Gondia Sonal Singh Vikram University, Ujjain	S. R. Pandya Head Education Dept. Mumbai University, Mumbai
	Govind P. Shinde Bharati Vidyapeeth School of Distance Education Center, Navi Mumbai	G. P. Patankar S. D. M. Degree College, Honavar, Karnataka	Alka Darshan Shrivastava Shaskiya Snatkottar Mahavidyalaya, Dhar
		Maj. S. Bakhtiar Choudhary	Rahul Shriram Sudke

Ph.D.-University of Allahabad

Director, Hyderabad AP India.

S.Parvathi Devi

Ph.D , Annamalai University, TN

Devi Ahilya Vishwavidyalaya, Indore

Awadhesh Kumar Shirotriya Secretary, Play India Play (Trust),Meerut Sonal Singh

Chakane Sanjay Dnyaneshwar Arts, Science & Commerce College,

Indapur, Pune

Satish Kumar Kalhotra

S.KANNAN

Address:-Ashok Yakkaldevi 258/34, Raviwar Peth, Solapur - 413 005 Maharashtra, India Cell : 9595 359 435, Ph No: 02172372010 Email: ayisrj@yahoo.in Website: www.isrj.net

Golden Research Thoughts Volume 2, Issue. 6, Dec. 2012 ISSN:-2231-5063

Available online at www.aygrt.net

ORIGINAL ARTICLE



HUMANISM IN HEALTHCARE

CINU ABDEESSO

Principal Mgm Mmc College Of Nursing Ring Road,Pathanamthitta

Abstract:

"Human beings need to behave well in this world, not any other We stand on our own feet, and our feet are human feet"

- Simon Blackburn

KEYWORDS:

Humanism, Healthcare, Communication, Professionals.

INTRODUCTION:

Humanistic Healthcare or values-based Healthcare is an interdisciplinary field in the practice of clinical care, aimed at the problems of contemporary health care. The fundamental principles of humanistic healthcare are open communication, mutual respect, and emotional connection between health care professionals and their patients, termed "relationship-centered" or "patient-centered" care, in contrast to "case-centred" or "disease centred" care.

The humanism in health care means "holistic healing"--defined as treating not only the body but caring the soul also. It attempts to complement physical recovery by connecting with patients through empathy, patience, and compassion. It is the humanistic belief that part of one's suffering during illness stems from the feeling of isolation from other human beings while in a weakened state. By reestablishing this connection, true healing can begin to take place.

HUMANIST IS SOMEONE:

*Trust to the scientific method when it comes to understanding how the universe works and rejects the idea of the supernatural.

*Makes their ethical decisions based on reason, empathy, and a concern for human beings and other sentient animals.

*Believes that, in the absence of an afterlife and any discernible purpose to the universe, human beings can act to give their own lives meaning by seeking happiness in this life and helping others to do the same.

Humanism places a high value on human beings, human culture and the human experience. Humanism in healthcare reminds us that illness and recovery, living and dying, are an integral part of the whole human experience. Every person throughout the health system whether caregiver or patient is first and foremost a human being. Humanistic health professionals care about their patients as much as they care for them. They understand that compassion can be a powerful stimulator for healing. Humanism in healthcare recalls us to ourselves as human beings and members of society. It is a great privilege - and a great responsibility.

Throughout recorded history there have been non-religious people who have believed that this life is the only life we have, that the universe is a natural phenomenon with no supernatural side, and that we can live ethical and fulfilling lives on the basis of reason and humanity. They have trusted to the scientific method, evidence and reason to discover truths about the universe and placed human welfare and happiness

Title:HUMANISM IN HEALTHCARE Source:Golden Research Thoughts [2231-5063] CINU ABDEESSO yr:2012 vol:2 iss:6 HUMANISM IN HEALTHCARE



at the centre of their ethical decision making. People who share these beliefs and values are called humanists and this combination of attitudes is called Humanism.

Humanizing communication involves an awareness of the unique Characteristics of being human; dehumanizing communication ignores these unique human characteristics.

Holistic Care: It is proposed that nurses communicating in a humanizing manner are a necessary factor in achieving holistic health care and improved collaborative professional relationships. Communicating with a concern for the individual's feelings needs, and selfimage. One aspect of the role of the professional nurse in practicing humanizing nursing is being aware of his/her self as a variable in the nurse client relationship. It is proposed that students and practitioners of nursing need to be sensitive to their own feelings and encouraged in the development of this self-awareness. To the extent one is aware of one's own feelings and thoughts, to a greater extent one tends to become sensitive to others. People who become nurses need to be particularly sensitive to others' feelings and experience, and nurses also need to be Skilled in communicating this awareness and sensitivity to others.

Five chief components of humanism in healthcare

1. Empathetic listening is an important aspect of healthcare humanism. It involves an understanding of the patient's illness and unique vulnerabilities. Choose words so as to avoid any unnecessary medical jargon which can completely hinder understanding. Some expressions can even have a negative impact on a sick patient. Signify interest and concern conveying the message that he is important enough to be heard, listened to, and understand.

2. Understanding the patient's experience of illness sympathetically and empathetically is another important feature of humanistic medicine.

3. Physicians must strive to think clearly and help patients to do the same during diagnosis, prognosis and cure. Thinking involves reasoning and judgement which result in an opinion and subsequent action.

4. To restore the lost art of medicine, the physician must use experience, wisdom, and commonsense blended with a humanistic approach to medicine and patient care.

5. Humane medicine can best be practiced by making decision about medical treatments which take into consideration patient's culture, emotional makeup, availability of treatment options and financial considerations.

It is important to promote humanizing relationships not only between the nurse and client but also between healthcare collegues.Promotion of humanizing communication is also needed among the nurse and healthcare professionals. Lack of effective communication between the nurses and physicians in the intensive care units has found to impact patient morality and length of stay as much as 1-8 fold.

Among the approaches used to encourage the practice of a more humane medicine are narrative medicine and patient empowerment. Narrative medicine is a way of educating physicians, nurses and other health care providers to emphasize the humanity of patient and provider, enabling the "health care professionals to give care with empathy, reflection, professionalism, and trustworthiness. Humanistic medicine strives to create ideal and balanced care.

PROBLEMS FACING IN HEALTHCARE:

In many countries due to modern medical technology, healthcare systems are facing a lot of difficulties in meeting health demands. These problems are

*Distribution of resources and provision of adequate care due to the large number of patients in need. *Healthcare systems now a day become larger and more bureaucratic, so both practitioners and patients experience dehumanization

*Healthcare practitioner often experience high levels of stress and burnout

Doctors facing a large number of patients are not giving individual patients the attention they resulting in patients seeking alternative treatments.

Golden Research Thoughts • Volume 2 Issue 6 • Dec 2012

2

HUMANISM IN HEALTHCARE



3

*The rising costs of medical services, technology, and medication are becoming unaffordable for many patients preventing these individuals from receiving adequate healthcare.

*Studies have shown that poor doctor-patient relationship result in lawsuits against healthcare providers. These lawsuits have become a major burden to medical personnel.

- Characteristics of a humanistic health care professional:
- *Demonstrate consistently compassion and empathy in the delivery of patient care.
- *Show professional and ethical behavior
- *Show respect for everyone
- *Demonstrate cultural diversity when working with patients and family members of diverse backgrounds.
- *Display effective communication and good listening skills.
- *Create a good rapport with all patients.
- *Show respect for the patient's viewpoint.
- *Be sensitive to the patients psychological well-being
- *Be cooperative, easy to work with, endangers trust and confidence
- *Show willingness to help others and when necessary seek help from others.
- *Give concern for the general welfare of the community
- *Engage in volunteer activities.
- *Accept criticism and use it for improving the performance.

CONCLUSION

To apply humanism in healthcare we need more than keen skills, a sharp mind and steady hand. The best health professionals have heart, not just brains. They have "the human touch." Health professionals must be well-rounded, firmly grounded and genuinely humane individuals, who know how to listen to, respect and care about other people, and they must be with a calling to the field of health, and must make a commitment to helping the underserved. They should be dedicated health professionals who are able to put the care in healthcar

REFERENCE

1. Pamela hartzband, Gerome groupman. "Humanism and healthcare reform". NEngl Journal of medicine, Aug, 2009; 361:554-555.

2. Jimmy Wales. "Humanistic medicine or value based medicine". Engl Journal of medicine, Feb, 2009,

3. Ronald A Lindsay. "Humanism and healthcare", Engl journal of medicine. Aug 25, 2009
4. Dul at, Battey. "Humanism, nursing communication and holistic care". Engl journal of medicine, May 7, 2004.

5. Boyle D.K, Kochinda C."Enhancing collaborative communication of nurse and physician leadership in two intensive care units". Journal of nursing Administration, 34 (2), 60-70.

6. Englewood, Cliffs. "Professionalism and compassion in healthcare". NJ, July 20, 2012.

7. Paul Hersey, Duldt B.W"Humanization and Dehumanization of healthcare: A conceptual view, in: J.Howard and A.Strauss, pp 57-102.

Golden Research Thoughts • Volume 2 Issue 6 • Dec 2012

Publish Research Article International Level Multidisciplinary Research Journal For All Subjects

Dear Sir/Mam,

We invite unpublished research paper.Summary of Research Project,Theses,Books and Books Review of publication,you will be pleased to know that our journals are

Associated and Indexed, India

- ★ International Scientific Journal Consortium Scientific
- * OPEN J-GATE

Associated and Indexed, USA

- EBSCO
- Index Copernicus
- Publication Index
- Academic Journal Database
- Contemporary Research Index
- Academic Paper Databse
- Digital Journals Database
- Current Index to Scholarly Journals
- Elite Scientific Journal Archive
- Directory Of Academic Resources
- Scholar Journal Index
- Recent Science Index
- Scientific Resources Database

258/34 Raviwar Peth Solapur-413005,Maharashtra Contact-9595359435 E-Mail-ayisrj@yahoo.in/ayisrj2011@gmail.com Website : www.isrj.net