Vol II Issue VI Dec 2012

Impact Factor: 0.1870 ISSN No:2231-5063

Monthly Multidisciplinary Research Journal

Golden Research

Thoughts

Chief Editor
Dr.Tukaram Narayan Shinde

Publisher Mrs.Laxmi Ashok Yakkaldevi Associate Editor Dr.Rajani Dalvi

Honorary Mr.Ashok Yakkaldevi

IMPACT FACTOR: 0.2105

Welcome to ISRJ

RNI MAHMUL/2011/38595

ISSN No.2230-7850

Indian Streams Research Journal is a multidisciplinary research journal, published monthly in English, Hindi & Marathi Language. All research papers submitted to the journal will be double - blind peer reviewed referred by members of the editorial Board readers will include investigator in universities, research institutes government and industry with research interest in the general subjects.

International Advisory Board

Flávio de São Pedro Filho

Federal University of Rondonia, Brazil

Kamani Perera Regional Centre For Strategic Studies, Sri

Lanka

Janaki Sinnasamy

Librarian, University of Malaya [

Malaysia]

Romona Mihaila Spiru Haret University, Romania

Delia Serbescu

Spiru Haret University, Bucharest, Romania

Anurag Misra

DBS College, Kanpur

Titus Pop

Mohammad Hailat Hasan Baktir

Dept. of Mathmatical Sciences, English Language and Literature

University of South Carolina Aiken, Aiken SC Department, Kayseri

29801

Abdullah Sabbagh

Engineering Studies, Sydney

Catalina Neculai University of Coventry, UK

Ecaterina Patrascu

Spiru Haret University, Bucharest

Loredana Bosca

Spiru Haret University, Romania

Fabricio Moraes de Almeida

Federal University of Rondonia, Brazil

Editorial Board

George - Calin SERITAN Postdoctoral Researcher

Ghayoor Abbas Chotana

Department of Chemistry, Lahore University of Management Sciences [PK

AL. I. Cuza University, Romania

Spiru Haret University, Bucharest,

Spiru Haret University, Romania

College of Business Administration

Director Managment Institute, Solapur

Head Education Dept. Mumbai University,

Head Humanities & Social Science

Anna Maria Constantinovici

Horia Patrascu

Romania

Ilie Pintea,

PhD, USA

Xiaohua Yang

Nawab Ali Khan

Rajendra Shendge Director, B.C.U.D. Solapur University,

R. R. Yalikar

Umesh Rajderkar

YCMOU, Nashik

S. R. Pandya

Solapur

R. R. Patil

Head Geology Department Solapur

Pratap Vyamktrao Naikwade

University, Solapur

Rama Bhosale

Prin. and Jt. Director Higher Education, Panvel

Salve R. N.

Department of Sociology, Shivaji University, Kolhapur

Govind P. Shinde

Bharati Vidyapeeth School of Distance Education Center, Navi Mumbai

Chakane Sanjay Dnyaneshwar Arts, Science & Commerce College,

Indapur, Pune

Awadhesh Kumar Shirotriya

Secretary, Play India Play (Trust), Meerut Sonal Singh

ASP College Devrukh, Ratnagiri, MS India Ex - VC. Solapur University, Solapur

N.S. Dhaygude

Ex. Prin. Dayanand College, Solapur

Narendra Kadu

Iresh Swami

Jt. Director Higher Education, Pune

K. M. Bhandarkar

Praful Patel College of Education, Gondia

Sonal Singh

Vikram University, Ujjain

G. P. Patankar

S. D. M. Degree College, Honavar, Karnataka Shaskiya Snatkottar Mahavidyalaya, Dhar

Maj. S. Bakhtiar Choudhary Director, Hyderabad AP India.

S.Parvathi Devi Ph.D.-University of Allahabad

Alka Darshan Shrivastava

Rahul Shriram Sudke Devi Ahilya Vishwavidyalaya, Indore

S.KANNAN

Ph.D, Annamalai University, TN

Satish Kumar Kalhotra

Address:-Ashok Yakkaldevi 258/34, Raviwar Peth, Solapur - 413 005 Maharashtra, India Cell: 9595 359 435, Ph No: 02172372010 Email: ayisrj@yahoo.in Website: www.isrj.net

ORIGINAL ARTICLE





JOB SATISFACTION AND MENTAL HEALTH OF SECONDARY SCHOOL COUPLE TEACHERS

MAHESHBABU . N , S.G.JADHAV

Research Scholar Dept of Psychology Karnatak University Associate Professor Dept of Psychology K.A.C.Dharwad- Karnatak-

Abstract:

The present study was conducted on 50 Secondary School couple teachers selected randomly from Gulbarga and Yadagir districts of Karnatak state. The Job Satisfaction scale developed by Meera Dixit (1993) and Mental Health Inventory developed by Jagdish and Srivastva (1981) was administered to measure their Job Satisfaction and Mental Health. Objectives of the studies are 1) To study the level of Job Satisfaction of couple teachers working in secondary schools. 2) To study the Mental Health of couple teachers working in secondary schools. 3) To know the correlation between Job Satisfaction and Mental Health of secondary school couple teachers. Statistical 't'-test and correlation were employed for data analysis. It is found that there is no significant difference in the Job Satisfaction of couple teachers. It is also found that there is no significant difference in the Mental Health of couple teachers. Whereas, there is a positive & significant co-relation between Job Satisfaction & Mental Health of couple teachers.

KEYWORDS

Job Satisfaction, Mental Health, Couple Teachers.

INTRODUCTION;

Job satisfaction has been a topic of much discussion over the years. The term job satisfaction is a combination of psychological, physiological and environmental circumstance that makes a person to say I am satisfied with my job, while there have been many debates on the concept of job satisfaction and in most studies it is described as how people find about their jobs and its different aspects. Locke (1976) stated that job satisfaction as a pleasurable positive state resulting from one's job and job experience.

Individuals show pleasurable positive attitudes when they are satisfied with their job. Job satisfaction is defined as affection or emotional response towards various facts of one's job (Kreeitner and Kinick 1998), job satisfaction is related to working conditions and level of professionalism which is a key factors in successfully recruiting & relating teachers (Stans Bury & Zimmerman 2000).

Mental health is the ability to balance feelings, desires, ambition & ideals in one's daily life. WHO defines Mental Health as a state of well-being in which the individual realizes his or her own abilities, can cope with the normal stresses of life, can work productively and fruitfully, and is able to make a contribution to his or her community.

Mental health is a state of mind characterized by emotional well-being, good behavioural adjustment, relative freedom from anxiety and disabling symptoms and a capacity to establish constructive relationship and cope with the ordinary demands and stresses of life (VandenBos, 2007).

Today's world is like a bullet train, fast changing modern life style has affected physical and mental health a lot. Teachers are main powerful tools for improving quality of education through effective classroom

Title:JOB SATISFACTION AND MENTAL HEALTH OF SECONDARY SCHOOL COUPLE T.. Source:Golden Research Thoughts [2231-5063] MAHESHBABU . N , S.G.JADHAV yr:2012 vol:2 iss:6

JOB SATISFACTION AND MENTAL HEALTH OF SECONDARY SCHOOL COUPLE T..



practices. Effective teachers must have good job satisfaction. A committed and effective teacher can work out wonders and in fact, the source of the entire educational system of a nation depends on him.

The present study emerges out of the conflicting results of the earlier research as regards to the relationship of teacher's Job Satisfaction and Mental Health. Dakshinamurthy.K and Kulkarni.M.V (2009) Studied Job Satisfaction of male and female teachers working in secondary schools. The result showed that in terms of salary structure, educational qualification, career prospects, job security and gender there is no significant difference between the Job Satisfaction of male and female teachers. Whereas, factors like culture (masculinity-feminity), supervision, physical environment, social environment and social status are significantly different between the Job Satisfaction of male and female teachers. Though female teachers have higher significant mean scores, female teachers opined strongly about femininity which influenced more on their Job Satisfaction than the male teachers. Female teachers have positive opinion about physical and social environment than the male teachers, because female teachers view that Job Satisfaction is not only linked with nature of job, but is also linked with working environment. To them having a good physical environment as well as getting a harmonious interpersonal relation among colleagues is job satisfaction. Shahnawaz.M.G and Nivedita (2005), investigated, that teachers in secondary school with high level of stress had high level of Job Satisfaction.

Muhammad Madi Abduallah (2009) Studied Job Satisfaction among secondary school teachers, result reveled that there was a significant difference where in male teachers were generally more satisfied than female teachers. Muhammad Asghar. Tanveer-uz-Zaman Fouzia Tabassum and Zafar Iqbal (2011), Studied Job Satisfaction of secondary school teachers, their result reveled that there was a significant difference in Job Satisfaction between male and female secondary school teachers, where the male respondents were more satisfied than the female respondents. Agarwal.S.C and Agarwal.V (2009), Conducted A study of commitment of teachers in relation to their Job Satisfaction, result reveled that, there was a significant difference between aided and unaided school teachers, whereby the aided school teachers were more satisfied than the unaided school teachers. Saima Siddiqi (2009) investigated, occupational stress and Job Satisfaction among secondary school teachers. It was found that young teachers (25-35 years) had higher level of job stress and less job satisfaction than the middle age teachers (35-45 years), and the late middle age teachers (46-60). It was also found that occupational stress was negatively correlated with job satisfaction. Usmani.S.N and others (2006), Studied that, Teachers Job Satisfaction in relation to their school, the results reveal that, there was a significant difference in the level of Job Satisfaction of teachers of Government and Private Schools, where the Government School Teachers were highly satisfied than the Private school teachers.

Panda Nityanand Pradhan and Senapaty (1996) Studied Job Satisfaction and Mental Health of secondary school teachers working in Government and Private Schools. The results revealed that Mental Health had significant effect on secondary school teachers job satisfaction (F=.0003; P>0.05). The study implies that job satisfaction, which is one of the essential characteristics of an effective teacher, can be enhanced if teachers are mentally healthy.

OBJECTIVES

- 1. To study the Job Satisfaction of secondary school couple teachers.
- 2. To study the Mental Health of secondary school couple teachers.
- 3. To know the Co-relation between Job Satisfaction and Mental Health of secondary school couple teachers.

HYPOTHESES

- 1. There is a significant difference in the Job Satisfaction of secondary school couple teachers.
- 2. There is a significant difference in the Mental Health of secondary school couple teachers.
- 3. There is a significant & positive co-relation between Job Satisfaction & Mental Health of secondary school couple teachers.

SAMPLE

Fifty secondary school couple teachers were selected purposely & randomly from Gulbarga and Yadagir districts of Karnatak state. The selected teachers were working permanently in government and only in private aided schools.

TOOLS

1. The Job Satisfaction scale developed by Meera Dixit (1993) was used to measure their job



satisfaction. It has 52 statements and 8 sub dimensions namely. intrinsic aspect of the job, salary promotional avenues & services condition, physical facilities. institutional plans and policies, satisfaction with authorities, satisfaction with social status, family welfare & rapport with students and relationship with co-workers. The test—retest reliability of scale is .86.

2. The Mental Health inventory developed by Jagdish & Srivastva (1981) was used to measure their Mental Health. It consists of 54 items & 6 sub dimensions. Like positive self evaluation, perception of reality, integration of personality, autonomy, group oriented attitudes & environmental mastery. The spilt half reliability of the scale is .57.

PROCEDURE

Job Satisfaction & Mental Health scales were administered individually as well as on small groups of couple teachers, by the researcher personally in their respective working places.

Result & Discussion

Table no1: Mean, SD and 't' values of Job Satisfaction of Secondary School Couple Teachers.

SL N	JOB SATISFACTION	N=100	MALE=50		FEMALE=50		
	DIMENSIONS		Mean	SD	Mean	SD	t-value
1	Intrinsic aspect of the job	100	14.18	3.97	14.38	2.99	0.77NS
2	Salary, promotional avenues & services condition	100	17.22	4.86	17.06	3.85	0.85 NS
3	Physical facilities	100	19.76	4.27	19.34	5.25	0.66 NS
4	Institutional plans & policies	100	13.58	3.03	12.10	2.21	1.85 NS
5	Satisfaction with authorities	100	13.56	3.79	13.16	3.72	0.59 NS
6	Satisfaction with social status & family welfare	100	11.20	2.99	10.26	3.16	0.13 NS
7	Rapport with students	100	12.34	3.12	12.00	3.56	0.61 NS
8	Relationship with Co- workers	100	11.26	2.95	11.06	2.87	0.73 NS
Total		100	113.1	28.98	109.36	27.61	0.67 NS

NS-Not Significant.

Table no 1 reveals that overall and sub-dimension wise there is no significant difference in the Job Satisfaction of secondary school couple teachers. This result indicates that the present (study samples) couple teachers are more happy with their job, may be because they are working on permanent basis, more or less working either in the same places or nearest places, having equal status, salary, work load and other working conditions etc. Consequently, HO, 1, States that there is a significant difference between Job Satisfaction of Secondary school couple teachers; hence, the hypothesis is rejected. The studies on couples directly are almost not found hence male and female comparison is made. The earlier researches like, Alf Crossman (2006) and Arumugasamy G (2012) studied Job Satisfaction of secondary school teachers, and found that, there was no significant difference between male and female teachers Job Satisfaction. Gurumit Singh (2008) and Kalhotra (2006) also studied, Job Satisfaction of secondary school teachers. The result reveals that, there is no significant difference between male female teachers Job Satisfaction, Muhammad Asghar Ali (2011) and Shafqat Naeem (2010), conducted, A Study on Job Satisfaction of secondary school teachers; results revealed that there is no significant difference between male and female teachers Job Satisfaction.

Whereas Nirmala Battal (2011) & Vandana Mehra (2011) found, that the male teachers of Secondary schools have higher Job Satisfaction as compared to female teachers at 0.05





Table no: 2: Mean, SD and 't' value of Mental Health of Secondary School Couple Teachers

Sl. No	MENTAL HEALTH	N=100	MALE=50		FEMALE=50		
	DIMENSIONS		Mean	DS	Mean	SD	t-value
1	Positive self evaluation	100	25.18	4.80	24.92	4.49	0.78NS
2	Perception of reality	100	21.24	2.50	20.82	3.68	0.50NS
3	Integration of personality	100	28.18	5.34	28.42	4.34	0.80 NS
4	Autonomy	100	15.92	2.52	15.80	3.33	0.84 NS
5	Group oriented attitudes	100	23.20	4.10	23.00	3.89	0.80 NS
6	Environmental mastery	100	23.18	4.19	22.60	4.44	0.80NS
Total		100	136.98	9.93	135.26	10.86	0.41 NS

NS-Not Significant.

Table no 2 reveals that overall and sub-dimension wise there is no significant difference in the Mental Health of secondary school couple teachers. The present teachers of the research study are happy, stress free, may be because of better salary, working in the same places, and having no family disturbances, have happy married life and they are satisfied with their jobs, which helps them to keep their Mental Health in good condition. Consequently, HO, 2. States that there is a significant difference between secondary school couple teachers, the second hypothesis is also rejected. The studies on couples directly are not found; hence, comparison is made on Males and Females here, Catherion So-kum and others (2001), Sujeet Kumar (2003), Aghukwa (2009) & Gary Ballou (2012) Studied, Mental Health of secondary school teachers, and found that, there is no significant difference between Chinese male and female teachers Mental Health. Table no 3: Co-relation between Job satisfaction and Mental Health of Secondary School couple teachers.

Variable	Mental Health
Job Satisfaction	0.271**

**co-relation is significant at the 0.001 level

Table No. 3. Shows positive & significant co-relation between job satisfaction and mental health among couple teachers, the HO, 3. States that there is a significant and positive co-relation between Job Satisfaction and Mental Health of secondary school couple teachers, this hypothesis is accepted. Batool Ahadi (2009) studied Relation between Mental Health & Job Satisfaction among high school male and female teachers in Iran, and results revealed that the global Job Satisfaction has positive co-relation with mental health; at 0.01 levels.

CONCLUSION

- 1. There is no significant difference in the Job Satisfaction of secondary school couple teachers.
- 2. There is no significant difference in the Mental Health of secondary school couple teachers.
- 3. There is significant & positive Co-relation between Job Satisfaction and Mental Health of secondary school couple teachers.



REFERENCES

- · Alf Crossman, Penelope Harris (2006). Job satisfaction of secondary school teachers, journal of educational management administration & leadership.Vol 34. No 1, pp-29-46, SAGE publications, London.
- Agarwal.S.C, Agarwal. V (2009). A study of commitment of teachers in relation to their job satisfaction. Journal of teacher education and research. Vol.4, No.2.
- Aghukwa. N.C (2009). Secondary school teachers' attitude to mental illness in Ogun state, Nigeria. African Journal of psychiatry Africa Psychiatry, 2009:12:59-63.
- Andari Bishay, (1996). Teacher motivation and job satisfaction: A study employing the experience sampling method. Journal of undergraduate sciences. Vol No 3.147-154.
- · Batool Ahadi (2009). Relationship between mental health and job satisfaction among high school principals and teachers in Iran. Research journal of biological sciences 4(3): 363-368, ISSN: 1815-8846.
- Briones, Elena; Tabernero, Carmen; Arenas, Alicia (2003). Job Satisfaction of Secondary School Teachers: Effect of Demographic and Psycho-social Factors. Revista de Psicología del Trabajo y de las Organizaciones. Vol 26; No 2.
- Catherine So-Kum Tang1,*, Wing-Tung Au1, Ralf Schwarzer2, Gerdamarie Schmitz2 (2001), Mental health outcomes of job stress among Chinese teachers: role of stress resource factors and burnout published online: 26 NOV 2001 Copyright © John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.
- Evy George, Daniel Louw, Gerhard Badenhorst (2008). Job satisfaction among urban secondary-school teachers in Namibia. South Africa journal of education. Vol 28: 135-154.
- Gail Kinman; Siobhan Wray; Calista Strange (2011). Emotional Labour, Burnout and Job Satisfaction in UK Teachers: The Role of Workplace Social Support. Journal of Educational Psychology. Vol 31; No 7.
- Gary W. Ballou (2012). A discussion of the mental health of public school teachers. International journal of business, Humanities and Technology, Vol.2 No. 1.
- Muhammad Asghar Ali, Tanveer-ur-Zaman, Fouzia Tabassum, Zafar Iqbal (2011). A study of job satisfaction of secondary school teachers. Journal of education and practice, Vol 2, No 1.ISSN 2222-1735.
- Pandy, B.N, Nityanand Pradhan, Senapaty.H.K (1996). Job satisfaction of secondary school teachers in relation to their mental health, age, sex, and management of school. Indian journal of applied psychology. Vol. 33. No.2. pp 94-100.
- Robert W. Lent; Laura Nota; Salvatore Soresi; Maria C. Ginevra; Ryan D. Duffy; Steven D. Brown (2011). Predicting the Job and Life Satisfaction of Italian Teachers: Test of a Social Cognitive Model. Journal of Vocational Behavior. Vol 79; No 1.
- Saira Ijaz Ahmad, Samina Malik (2011). Job satisfaction of teachers at secondary school level. www.languageindia.com. Vol 1. ISSN 1930-2940.
- Saima Siddiqi (2009). Occupational stress and job satisfaction among secondary school teachers. Journal of teacher education and research, Vol.4, No.2.
- Shafqat Naeem Akhtar, Muhammad Amir Hashmi, Syed Imtiaz Hussain Naqvi (2010). A Comparative Study of Job Satisfaction in Public and Private School Teachers at Secondary Level. Journal of Social and Behavioural Sciences. Vol 2; No2, 4222-4228, Elsevier Publication.
- Sujeet Kumar, (2003). Mental Health of Teachers Administrators and Employees. Indian Educational Abstract. Vol No.26 (1), 45-49.
- Usmani.S.N, Pandy.S.N, Jasmi Ahmad (2006). Teachers job satisfaction in relation to their personality type and type school. Journal of edutracks. Edutrack Publication.

Publish Research Article International Level Multidisciplinary Research Journal For All Subjects

Dear Sir/Mam,

We invite unpublished research paper.Summary of Research Project,Theses,Books and Books Review of publication,you will be pleased to know that our journals are

Associated and Indexed, India

- * International Scientific Journal Consortium Scientific
- * OPEN J-GATE

Associated and Indexed, USA

- EBSCO
- Index Copernicus
- Publication Index
- Academic Journal Database
- Contemporary Research Index
- Academic Paper Databse
- Digital Journals Database
- Current Index to Scholarly Journals
- Elite Scientific Journal Archive
- Directory Of Academic Resources
- Scholar Journal Index
- Recent Science Index
- Scientific Resources Database

Golden Research Thoughts 258/34 Raviwar Peth Solapur-413005, Maharashtra Contact-9595359435 E-Mail-ayisrj@yahoo.in/ayisrj2011@gmail.com Website: www.isrj.net