Vol 3 Issue 4 Oct 2013

Impact Factor : 1.2018 (GISI)

ISSN No :2231-5063

# Monthly Multidisciplinary Research Journal

GoldenResearch Thoughts

> Chief Editor Dr.Tukaram Narayan Shinde

Publisher Mrs.Laxmi Ashok Yakkaldevi Associate Editor Dr.Rajani Dalvi



### **IMPACT FACTOR : 0.2105**

### Welcome to ISRJ

#### **RNI MAHMUL/2011/38595**

#### **ISSN No.2230-7850**

Indian Streams Research Journal is a multidisciplinary research journal, published monthly in English, Hindi & Marathi Language. All research papers submitted to the journal will be double - blind peer reviewed referred by members of the editorial Board readers will include investigator in universities, research institutes government and industry with research interest in the general subjects.

## International Advisory Board

International Advisory bound				
Flávio de São Pedro Filho Federal University of Rondonia, Brazil Kamani Perera	Mohammad Hailat Dept. of Mathmatical Sciences, University of South Carolina Aiken, Aiken SC 29801	Hasan Baktir English Language and Literature Department, Kayseri		
Regional Centre For Strategic Studies, Sri Lanka		Ghayoor Abbas Chotana Department of Chemistry, Lahore University of Management Sciences [ PK		
Janaki Sinnasamy Librarian, University of Malaya [ Malaysia ]	Catalina Neculai University of Coventry, UK	] Anna Maria Constantinovici AL. I. Cuza University, Romania		
Romona Mihaila Spiru Haret University, Romania	Ecaterina Patrascu Spiru Haret University, Bucharest	Horia Patrascu Spiru Haret University, Bucharest, Romania		
Delia Serbescu Spiru Haret University, Bucharest, Romania	Loredana Bosca Spiru Haret University, Romania	Ilie Pintea, Spiru Haret University, Romania		
Anurag Misra DBS College, Kanpur	Fabricio Moraes de Almeida Federal University of Rondonia, Brazil	Xiaohua Yang PhD, USA Nawab Ali Khan		
Titus Pop	George - Calin SERITAN Postdoctoral Researcher	College of Business Administration		
Editorial Board				
Pratap Vyamktrao Naikwade ASP College Devrukh,Ratnagiri,MS India	Iresh Swami Ex - VC. Solapur University, Solapur	Rajendra Shendge Director, B.C.U.D. Solapur University, Solapur		
R. R. Patil Head Geology Department Solapur University, Solapur	N.S. Dhaygude Ex. Prin. Dayanand College, Solapur	R. R. Yalikar Director Managment Institute, Solapur		
Rama Bhosale Prin. and Jt. Director Higher Education, Panvel	Narendra Kadu Jt. Director Higher Education, Pune K. M. Bhandarkar	Umesh Rajderkar Head Humanities & Social Science YCMOU, Nashik		
Salve R. N. Department of Sociology, Shivaji University, Kolhapur	Praful Patel College of Education, Gondia Sonal Singh Vikram University, Ujjain	S. R. Pandya Head Education Dept. Mumbai University, Mumbai		
Govind P. Shinde Bharati Vidyapeeth School of Distance Education Center, Navi Mumbai	G. P. Patankar S. D. M. Degree College, Honavar, Karnataka	Alka Darshan Shrivastava Shaskiya Snatkottar Mahavidyalaya, Dhar		
Chalsen a Service Drawn adverse	Maj. S. Bakhtiar Choudhary	Rahul Shriram Sudke		

Chakane Sanjay Dnyaneshwar Arts, Science & Commerce College, Indapur, Pune

S.Parvathi Devi

Rahul Shriram Sudke Devi Ahilya Vishwavidyalaya, Indore

S.KANNAN

Ph.D.-University of Allahabad

Director, Hyderabad AP India.

Ph.D , Annamalai University, TN

Awadhesh Kumar Shirotriya Secretary, Play India Play (Trust),Meerut Sonal Singh

Satish Kumar Kalhotra

Address:-Ashok Yakkaldevi 258/34, Raviwar Peth, Solapur - 413 005 Maharashtra, India Cell : 9595 359 435, Ph No: 02172372010 Email: ayisrj@yahoo.in Website: www.isrj.net

Golden Research Thoughts Volume-3, Issue-4, Oct-2013 ISSN 2231-5063



# THE PHONETIC VIEW OF VINDAS TRANSLATED POEMS



Available online at www.aygrt.isrj.net

### Jeetendra Nagorao Deshmukh

Asst. Prof Head Dept. of EnglishS.S.Suryabhanji Pawar College Purna (Jn.) Tq. Purna Dist. Parbhani

#### **Abstract: Concept :**

Translating poetry across languages demands adherence to a specific kind of grammar and syntax. Fewer people may be translating the poetry but the purity of expression will keep it alive. "Chayya" is a Sanskrit term used for translation means an image, a reflection, suggesting similarity to, and not identity with a translated version of a literary work tends to be a variation rather than an imitation or a representation, of its original.

Key words: Phonetic view, Translated Poems, Translating poetry, literary work.

#### **INTRODUCTION:**

#### Old and New Translation culture in Marathi:

The contact of English with Marathi has been of long duration, continuous and increasing. The Marathi speaking writers have gained a considerable linguistic competence in the field of English. Marathi translation activity. Inspite of a high degree of reciprocal reinforcement and a well established bilingual register constantly used by Marathi writers in all intellectual fields, translation in English could not be said to be new or full fledged. The mid nineteenth century is considered the translation age in the history of Marathi literature. It is full of translation activity, along with a sizeable corpus of critical material. In translation, Indian languages are rarely, if ever mentioned to substantiate claims of different linguistic structures. Besides many reasons, we become Anglophobic or Eurocentric.

#### Vinda as a Translator:

Vinda Karandikar is a phenomenon in contem porary Marathi literature. His is a versatile genius, a poet, a critic an essayist and above all a translator. Creative impulse in him brings about a rare fusion of thoughts, feelings, and Sensation and gives imaginative awareness of life. Next to Mardhekar, Vinda stands out as an experimenter in the modern Marathi poetry. He tried his hand at such verse forms as the free Sonnets, the Ovis, the Abhangas, the Suktas, the Talachitras, the Swarachitras and the Virupikas.

The translation of Vindas poem's superb, marvellous, attempt varied at three levels. Viz. the structural, the semantic and the stylistic. He opts for anything from an iambic pentameter to a limerick, depending on what he wants to say and how.

#### The level of sound (Phonetic):

The phonetic values of words and line-lengths of the poems are not all lost. The effects of assonance, alliteration, pun and doubting are mostly lost. Onomatopoeia are partially lost but the lost is somewhat good. The rest of the effects have been re-captured, quite brilliantly, in toto.

#### Example Poem shadow (सावल्या):

Source language text	Target language text
सावल्या पडतात	Shadows fall
Hkj nqikjh	at the hour of noon
खुरटलेल्या कुब्जेसारख्या।	stunted like hunch,
	backed woman
पायाखाली	the black cats
अडमडतात	ofawitch
अडखळतात	puddling
चेटकिणीची	stumbling
काळी मांजरे	under the feet

The verbs "अडमडतात" and "अडखळतात" are rendered as "puddling" and "stumbling" – both having parallel phonetic structure, suggestive of the sense, i.e. the awkward movement of the back casts.

The effects of doubting that characterize as a whole are found missing in translated version because that feature is unique with Marathi and rare with English of the six examples located in the different parts of the poem, viz. ykac--- लांब, सुचवित सुचवित, पळतात, पळतात, कधी–कधी, भिंती भिंतीवर, and "शोधीत शोधीत", just the first one could be recaptured and rendered as 'long and longer'.

**Poem:** Tremendous as Onkar, the mountain (आज प्रार्थना प्राणऐवढी)

In it, occur three phrases, with phonetic effects of the kind of alliteration and assonance, viz. लाल लाडके रंग, रांगु रडु लागतो and "घाटाचे काठ", Of these phases, the first two have been rendered in English effectively – of course, with changed phonetic value – as "colours red and riotous", "beings to crawl and cry", respectively, but the last one rendered literally as "the edge of the form" having a total loss

Jeetendra Nagorao Deshmukh "THE PHONETIC VIEW OF VINDAS TRANSLATED POEMS" Golden Research Thoughts Vol-3, Issue-4 (Oct 2013): Online & Print

1

The Phonetic View Of Vindas Translated Poems

#### of phonetic effects.

Poem: I have seen such things (असे काही पाहिले आहे):-

In it, we come across extracts rich with striking phonetic and syntactic features which invite our attention for fructuous comparisons and contrasts.

#### पत्र्याच्या चाळीतुन, आळयांच्य आळीतुन in tin-roofed hovels, in lanes of worms हांडाच्या जाळीतुन, डोळयांच्या बिळातुन in grids of bones: in holes of eyes.

The Marathi forms ''चाळीतुन'', ''आळीतुन'', ''जाळीतुन'', and ''बिळातुन'' are more or less phonetically similar and, again, ''आळयांच्या'' and ''डोळयांच्या'' '' या''

matched with each other on the same pattern but nothing of this is audible but rather visible in the English version. He has succeeded in keeping the syntactic pattern and the rhythmic balance of the lines intact. Again, in the succeeding lines, he is seen rivaling the poet.

मणसे सडणारी, न मरु शकणारी	People rotting, unable to die;
मणसे घुमणारी, न पेटु शकणारी	People fuming, unable to blaze;
मणसे कुंठणारी, न कडाडनारी	People whining, unable to
-	thunder.

The Marathi forms सडणारी, घुमणारी and कुढणारी have their English equivalents in "rotting", "fuming", and "whining". Similarly, न मरु शकणारी, न पेटु शकणारी and u कडाडणारी, have been paralleled by the equivalent English phrases, "unable to die", "unable to blaze", and "unable to thunder" – all these being endowed with rich expressive values.

The poem "Yantravatara" is in phonetic realization of the original poem under the same title, particularly with respect to its free verse rhythm. Mark how the poetic nature of the line या पामर, व्हा आता परमेश्वरü has been phonetically echoed in "Come, ye paupers, and now become Providence", and, again, the onomatopoetic effect of ये,ये टाकीत वाफेच्या फुतकारा rendered in "Come, emitting the angry whiffs of steam". The ease and the flow with which the concluding lines of the poem, beginning with उच्चारीत, अकारीत rendered as "articulating them, actualizing them", and ending with उदघोषित नवमुल्ये, उदघोषित कांती पाठ rendered as "Proclaiming the new values, / proclaiming the text of revolution" move on, along with the following two lines occurring medially. संहारित नवदानव Come, destroying the new demons. निर्मित नवमानव Creating the new humans

The alliterative effects of "नवदानव" and "नवमानव" is lost but their rhyming effect retrieved by making "demons" rhyme with "humans".

Poem: The Fish (मासा : एक स्वरचित्र)

The phonetic texture of the poem is akin to the orchestration of a musical composition with its regular rhythemic beats and pauses. The lines in both the Marathi

#### Impact Factor : 1.2018(GISI)

#### Flowing through the golden

महाप्रवाहाच्या सोनेरी झंझावातातुन tumult of the flood in the समधात होत होत समेत सामावणारा ultimate poise of the major beat Yet more than a major beat समेहुन मासा विचल वलयांच्या There's a fish venturing in लयीत फीरणारा The restless rhythm, Abstract-eyed, cross-limbed, विरुपाक्ष, गमकगात्र, मत्स्यावतारी incarnating, सरहद्दी ध्रंडणारा, exploring the rocks, खडकावर धडकणारा काठावर आपटून battering काळजात कोसळणारा कळवळणारा the shore, heart-shattering like anguish; Yet more than anguish काळजाहुन

The Marathi suffix ---णारा पद सामावणारा, फीरणारा, धुंडणारा, धडकणारा, and "काळजात कोसळणारा" is realized as the English equivalent suffix "....ing" in "flowing", venturing," "exploring", battering", and "heart-shattering", respectively. Poem : Some Virupikas (कांही विरुपिका)

The doubling in the Marathi version has been caught up, quite strikingly as indicated by the underlinings below : along with its emphatic effect, in the English version, in the example, आणि भिंत काळी, काळीकुट्ट झााली rendered as "and the wall becomes black, jet-black."

#### **REFERENCE:**

i.G.V. Karandikar, Poems of Vinda, Bombay, Nirmala Sadananda, 1975.

ii.L.S. Deshpande, Towards Defining translatology, Ameya publishing house, Nanded, 2010.

and the English versions go parallel with each other in sounds, words, and syntax, retaining all the qualities that move from strength to strength.

2

# Publish Research Article International Level Multidisciplinary Research Journal For All Subjects

Dear Sir/Mam,

We invite unpublished research paper.Summary of Research Project,Theses,Books and Books Review of publication,you will be pleased to know that our journals are

# Associated and Indexed, India

- ★ International Scientific Journal Consortium Scientific
- \* OPEN J-GATE

# Associated and Indexed, USA

- EBSCO
- Index Copernicus
- Publication Index
- Academic Journal Database
- Contemporary Research Index
- Academic Paper Databse
- Digital Journals Database
- Current Index to Scholarly Journals
- Elite Scientific Journal Archive
- Directory Of Academic Resources
- Scholar Journal Index
- Recent Science Index
- Scientific Resources Database

**Golden Research Thoughts** 

258/34 Raviwar Peth Solapur-413005,Maharashtra Contact-9595359435 E-Mail-ayisrj@yahoo.in/ayisrj2011@gmail.com Website : www.isrj.net