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ROLE OF MID DAY MEAL (AKSHARA DASOHA) PROGRAMME IN IMPROVING THE QUALITY OF EDUCATION

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Abstract:-The Mid Day Meal Scheme is a multi-faceted programme of the Government of India that, among other things, seeks to address issues of food security, lack of nutrition and access to education on a pan nation scale. It involves provision for free lunch on working days for children in Primary and Upper Primary Classes in Government, Government Aided, Local Body, Education Guarantee Scheme (EGS) and Alternate Innovative Education (AIE) Centres, Madarsa and Maqtabs supported under Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan and National Child Labour Project (NCLP) Schools run by Ministry of Labour. The primary objective of the scheme is to provide hot cooked meal to children of primary and upper primary classes. With other objectives of improving nutritional status of children, encouraging poor children, belonging to disadvantaged sections, to attend school more regularly and help them concentrate on classroom activities, thereby increasing the enrolment, retention and attendance rates. According to the government, it is the world's largest school feeding programme, reaching out to about 120,000,000 children in over 1,265,000 schools and Education Guarantee Scheme (EGS) centres across the country. In 1953, Uttar Pradesh Government introduced a scheme, on voluntary basis, to provide meals consisting of boiled or roasted or sprouted grams, ground-nut, puffed rice, boiled potatoes or seasonal fruits. During 1962-63, Tamil Nadu became the first state in India to initiate a noon meal programme to children with the launch of Mid Day Meal Programme in primary schools. The present study explores that quality concern of Government of Karnataka to improve the enrolment of students at primary school level through providing Midday meal programme. Even the researcher made an attempt to explore that how far the programme is carrying at primary school level, weather the parents are having the knowledge about providing of nutrition food in school. Moreover, providing midday meal at primary school level how far it retains the enrolment of students at primary school level. To know above all these the researcher conducted an interview for teachers, parents and the students. However, by the opinion of interview from various authorities do raise issues and suggest important considerations regarding the conditions that the providing of midday meal programme at primary school level.

Keywords: Midday Meal Programme, Primary School, Quality, Enrolment,

INTRODUCTION:

Mid Day Meal Programme is Government of India's flagship programme for achievement of Universalization of Elementary Education (UEE) and is being implemented in partnership with State Government to cover the entire Karnataka. Government of Karnataka has implemented the scheme of providing hot cooked meals to the children of classes 1 to 10 of both Govt and Govt aided schools in the state with the co-operation of Government of India.

Mid Day Meal is also served to children on all school working days and on National Holidays such as Independence Day, Republic Day, Teachers' Day, Gandhi Jayanthi and Children's Day. If the State Govt declares blocks or districts as drought hit areas, Mid Day Meal is served during summer vacation also.

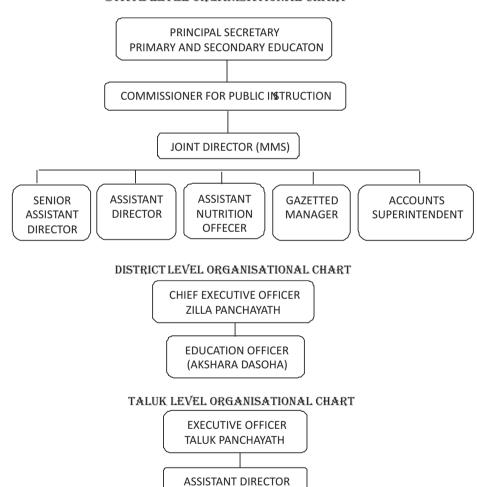
Many NGOs have voluntarily participated and joined hands with Government in Mid Day Meal Programme. These

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NGO's are supposed to have kitchen, transport vehicles and cooks. They are provided with 100gms rice and 150gms rice, Rs 2.69 and Rs 4.03 cooking cost to classes from 1 to 5 and 6 to 10 respectively. Transportation charges for rice @ Rs 75/quintal is also given. NGOs are expected to serve mid day meals to children on no profit basis. They should have only service motive. NGOs are expected to provide good quality food as per the Government norms.

Concept of Mid Day Meals Programme

With an intention to boost the universalisation of education and simultaneously improve the nutrition of students in primary classes, Government of India (GOI) launched (August 1995) the National Programme of Nutritional support to Primary Education (NPNSPE) as a centrally sponsored scheme. Under the scheme the children studying in Class I to V were supplied dry food grains (Rice/Wheat) at three Kgs per student per month provided the child had attendance of 80 per cent. Integrating the centrally sponsored scheme, the State Government launched (June 2002) the Akshara Dasoha Scheme [Midday Meal (MDM) Scheme] in seven districts of the State. The scheme was extended to the entire State in July 2003. The scheme initially covered children studying in classes I to V in Government/Local Bodies schools. The scheme was extended to students studying in Aided Schools (September 2004) and Class VI and VII (October 2004). Now the Government of India is funding the scheme for children of classes 1 to 8. Government of Karnataka is providing hot cooked meals to the children of 9th & 10th standards of Government and Government Aided schools out of its own resources.



STATE LEVEL ORGANISATIONAL CHART

The main objectives of the Midday Meal programme are:

To improve enrolment and attendance.

To improve retention rate. To improve child health by increasing nutrition level. To improve learning ability levels of children.

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To develop social integration among the children

Mid day meal programme is the central government programme. It is one of the needful and responsible programmes. But now a day we here that mid day meal programmes are becoming more complicate for teaching and learning at school level. Most of the teachers expressed that maintaining the Akshara dasoha programme is very hard task and they cannot concentrate on the teaching learning process effectively. Parents express doubt about the food given in the programme is not so hygiene and nutritious. Government records show that Akshara dasoha programme is helpful to improve children health and also retention rate of the students in the school. So, the researcher has taken up this study for finding out the reality of this execution of the programme at grass root level.

OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY:

To study the status of mid day meal programme in the primary school. To study the positions/implementation of mid day meal programme at primary school level Opinion of the teachers Opinion of the parents Opinion of the students

METHODOLOGY:

Survey method was adopted to collect the relevant data for the present study.

Sampling:

The sample of the study consisted of 729 Government primary school students, 333 primary school teachers and 389 parents. They were selected from seven taluks of Shivamogga district by using Stratified random sampling method.

Tools Used for Collection Data:

Questionnaire related to opinion of the students related to Akshara Dasoha Programme developed by the investigator.
 Questionnaire related to opinion of the teachers related to Akshara Dasoha Programme developed by the investigator.
 Interview schedule related to opinion of the students related to Akshara Dasoha Programme developed by the investigator.

Statistical techniques used: To analyse the data average percentage is used.

Analysis and Interpretation:

1.Beneficiaries of Akshara Dasoha Programme

	Table:1.1 Teacher's opinion					
Sl. No.	Questions	Response	Total no. of teachers response	%		
	Is Midday meal programme has increased the level of learning among your school?	Yes	281	84.39		
1		No	7	2.10		
		No Response	45	13.51		

According to Table:1.1, 84.39% teachers opinion that Mid Day Meal Programme has increased the level of learning among school.

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Table:1.2 Student's opinion				
Sl. No.	Questions	Response	Total no. of teachers response	%
	Do you take mid day	Yes	696	95.47
1	1 Do you take mid day meals in the School?	No	9	1.23
		No Response	23	3.16
	If yes, Why Do you take mid day meals in	i. Food is tastier	643	88.20
		ii. Because of parents pressure	36	4.94
		iii. Because of parents pressure	69	9.47
2		iv. Community force	14	1.92
	the School?	v. S.D.M.C Members	46	6.31
		vi. Because of Government free service	211	28.94

According to Table: 1.2 95.47% of the students opine that they take Mid Day Meal in the school. 88.20 % of the student's opinion is that food is tastier.

	Table:1.3 Parent's opinion				
Sl. No.	Sl. No. Questions Response Total no. of teachers response %				
1	Weather your child is taking	Yes	330	84.83	
1	midday meals in school?	No	75	19.28	

According to Table: 1.3 84.83 % of the parent's opinion that their children are taking Mid Day Meals in the school.

${\bf Akshara\,Dasoha\,Programme\,enrolment\,and\,attendance\,of\,the\,School}$

	Table:2.1 Teacher's opinion					
Sl. No.	Questions	Response	Total no. of teachers response	%		
	If there is any increase in	Yes	285	85.58		
1	attendance because of Midday	No	2	0.60		
	meal programme in your school?	No Response	46	13.81		

According to Table: 2.1, 85.58% of the teacher's opine that Mid Day Meal programme increased the attendance of students in the school.

	Table:2.2 Student's opinion					
Sl. No.	Questions	Response	Total no. of teachers response	%		
	Are you attending school	Yes	326	44.72		
1	daily because of Akshara	No	341	46.78		
	Dasoha programme?	No response	61	8.37		

According to Table: 2.2, the response of the students was very interesting that 44.72 percent of students agree that they are coming to school because of providing of Mid day meals. Simultaneously 46.78 percent of students do not agree that they are not coming to school for Providing of midday meals.

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Akshara Dasoha Programme Healths and Nutrition

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	Table: 3.1Teacher's opinion						
Sl. No.	Questions	Response	Total no. of teachers response	%			
	Are your school children	Yes	283	84.98			
1	having developed good health	No	4	1.20			
	because of Midday meal?	No Response	46	13.81			
	Are you giving nutrition balancing tablets to your	Yes	232	69.67			
2 sc	6	No	6	1.80			
		No Response	95	28.53			
	If given, what types of tablets are giving?	i. Albendazole /worms	248	74.47			
3		ii. Iron tablet	274	82.28			
		iii. Vitamin - A tablet	244	73.27			
4		i. Students shows interest	260	78.08			
	What are the responses of students to take these tablets?	ii. Students avoids	27	8.11			
	students to take these tablets?	iii. Parents avoids	12	3.60			
		No Response	33	9.91			

According to Table: 3.1 84.98% of the teacher's opinion that school children have developed good health because of Midday meal. 69.67 % of the teacher's opinion that they are giving nutrition balancing tablets to the school children. Teachers give opinion that they know the importance of nutrition balancing tablets. 78.08% of the teachers opine that students show interest to take the tablets.

	Table: 3.1 Student's opinion					
Sl. No.	Questions	Response	Total no. of teachers response	%		
	How about the quality of	i. Nutritious	633	86.83		
1	midday meal in your school?	ii. Tastier	504	69.14		
	initiday mear in your school?	iii. Hygiene	451	61.87		
	Whether the teachers are	Yes	609	83.54		
2	2 providing the tablets provided by Health and Family Welfare Department?	No	19	2.61		
2		No Response	100	13.72		
	3 If providing, which tablets are provided?	i. Albendazole /worms	472	64.75		
3		ii. Iron tablet	554	75.99		
		iii. Vitamin - A tablet	491	67.35		
	A	Yes	623	85.46		
4	Are you consuming these	No	25	3.43		
	tablets?	No Response	80	10.97		

According to Table: 3.2 86.83 % of the student's opinion that Mid Day Meal is Nutritious and 69.14% of the student's opinion that Mid Day Meal is tastier. 83.54 % of the student's opine that teachers are providing the tablets for them provided by Health and Family Welfare Department. Student's have idea about importance of nutrition tablets. 85.46% of the student's opinion that they are consuming the nutrition tablets given by teachers the school.

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	Table: 3.3 Parent's opinion					
Sl. No.	Questions	Response	Total no. of teachers response	%		
1	Whether the teachers have given the nutritious tablets to your child	Yes	233	59.90		
¹ provided by Health and family welfare department ?	No	147	37.79			
	If yes, What tablets given?	i. Worms tablets	36	9.25		
		ii. Iron Tablets	66	16.97		
2		iii. Vitamin - A Tablets	25	6.43		
		iv. No Idea	278	71.47		
		Yes	144	37.02		
3	Whether your child consuming	No	151	38.82		
	these tablets?	Sometimes	46	11.83		
		No Idea	48	12.33		

According to Table: 3.3 59.90 % of the parents opine that teachers have given the nutritious tablets to their children. 71.47% of the parents opine that they are not having idea about importance of nutrition tablets. 37.02% of the parents opinion that their children consuming the nutrition tablets given by the schools.

Akshara Dasoha Programme Hygiene and Safety Measures

	Table: 4.1 Teacher's opinion					
Sl. No.	Questions	Response	Total no. of teachers response	%		
	1 Do you also involve in food preparation work?	Yes	92	27.63		
1		No	187	56.16		
	preparation work?	No Response	54	16.22		
	2 Do children participate	Yes	11	3.30		
2		No	265	79.58		
	while preparing the food?	No Response	57	17.12		

According to Table: 4.1 56.16% of the teachers opine that they not involve in food preparation work in the school. 79.58% of the teacher's opine that school children do not participate while preparing the food.

	Table: 4.2 Student's opinion					
Sl. No.	Questions	Response	Total no. of teachers response	%		
	Whether the cooking person involves you in the food preparation work?	i. Maximum	26	3.57		
		ii. Medium	47	6.45		
1		iii. Sometimes	276	37.86		
		iv. No	362	49.66		
		No Response	18	2.47		

According to Table: 4.2 49.66% of the students' opinion that the cooking persons not involve them in the food preparation work.

	Table: 43 Parent's opinion					
Sl. No.	Questions	Response	Total no. of teachers response	%		
	Whether you discuss with your child about midday meals taking in the school?	Yes	244	62.72		
1		No	98	25.19		
		No Response	39	10.03		
2	Whether you have taken the midday meals in your child's school?	Yes	124	31.88		
_		No	245	62.98		
	De tes deser inselve serve abildin	Yes	116	29.82		
3	Do teachers involve your child in preparing midday meals?	No	193	49.61		
		No idea	78	20.05		

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According to Table: 4.3 62.72% of the parents opine that they are discussing with their children about mid day meals taking in the schools. 62.98% of the parents give opinion that they not tasted the mid day meals in their children school. 49.61% of the parents opinion that teachers do not involve their children in preparing midday meal programme.

FINDINGS OF THE STUDY:

involve their children in the food preparation work.

Providing of mid day meal increases the enrolment of the students in the school Providing of mid day meal retain the attendance of the students continuously. The parents expressed that they are satisfied about providing of midday meals for their children. Teachers expressed that providing of mid day meal programme moderately increased the health of the students. Teachers expressed that they know the importance of nutrition balancing tablet. Students also show interest to take the tablets. Students expressed that mid day meal is nutritious and tasty. They are consuming the nutrition balancing tablets. Parents are not having an idea about providing nutrition tablets for their children. Maximum teachers give opinion that they are not involving in the mid day meal programme. Most of the teachers expressed that school students do not participate while preparing food. Nearly 50% of the students expressed that cooks not involve them in the food preparation work. Most of the parents give opinion that they are discussing with their children about mid day meal programme. Maximum number of the parents are not tasted the quality of food in the school. Nearly 50% of the parents expressed that teachers does not

CONCLUSION:

Akshara Dasoha (Mid day meal) programme is one of the central government scheme. The main aim of this programme is to improve the attendance and enrolment by providing hot cooked nutritious food for the government and government aided school 1st to 10th standard students. The findings of this study focuses that this programme has increased the level of attendance and enrolment. Maximum teachers are taking care about health and hygiene of the students. But teachers failed in developing awareness and giving guidance to the parents about the activities and achievement of the students.

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