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GRT A SOCIOLOGICAL STUDY OF WOMEN RESEARCH
SCHOLARS IN SOCIAL SCIENCES IN THE
UNIVERSITY OF BANGALORE

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Abstract:- Women Research scholars are the points of a society and progress of a society depends upon the utilization of their potential, “Dynamic societies will rely mainly on the cooperation of women research scholar students. They organize the resources of students and use them in altering the established direction of social development. In the developing societies students have come to be looked upon as instruments of social change. Generally people moved rather quickly from childhood to adulthood, and puberty signified the beginning of rather early improvement in adult economic production and preparation for marriage and parenthood.

Keywords: Sociological Study, women Research Scholars, Social Sciences, adult economic production.

I. INTRODUCTION

The traditional societies managed to control and direct the socialization of its research scholar students into a pattern of tradition and stability which ensured survival and cultural continuity, even within a framework of moderate change. The major social was the extended family group, and the availability of choices as regards life style and economic role was relatively restricted, and students were denied a chance of challenging the established order. Nevertheless, “the last decades have thrust radically different perception of research scholars students on the world. Radical though it seems, it reflects the acceleration of change in the world, which while it has always occurred, has reached monumental proportions since the advent of the industrial revolution³. As a result, today, all over the world students is in ferment. Their dissatisfactions with their world are often expressed as “demands” for rights, for power, for privileges, and for self-examination. Women Research Students are seeking a new place in a new kind of world. They are living in a world which is in many ways alien and unfamiliar to the older generation. Especially, there is a growing sense of despair and restlessness among the educated students and waves of indiscipline behavior and violent outburst have become a common feature all over.

Because, in the industrial societies they students were exempt from adult economic participation, in order to get advanced training for the more technologically sophisticated industrial world. They were increasingly separated from the larger community, and were socialized by schools and peers. All this has given rise to the development of “student's culture”, with adulthood postponed to increasingly later ages.

Women research scholar Students are becoming a sub-cultural group with their own ideas, values, norms and attitudes. One of the characteristics of student's culture is its self-conscious recognition of being a separate social grouping. This has arisen out of the increasing separation and segregation of age groups in industrial societies. The young are in schools much of the time, or in youth groups of one sort or another. They are either not permitted to work or find difficulty in getting work. They are separated from adults who work in institutions away from the young, outside of school. Social life also occurs along age lines. Extended family groupings come to be an impediment or nuisance, since they are engaged in economic ventures or social activities which include all age groups, and take time away from university or the company of peers. Thus, modern youth claims to set up its own world, a new horizon, and is not in a mood to conform to the styles of life of the anachronistic order generation.

II. SIGNIFICANCE OF THE STUDY:

The study bring forth the importance of sociological needs, attitudes and personality maturity in relation to

satisfaction of the study and problems of women research scholars and compares these variables with other students and educational authorities and administrations can be greatly benefited by the findings of the present study. Efforts may be made to remove mental maladies. Lack of economic condition and problems of research scholar students is the light of the findings of the study. Thus standard of higher education may be devoted by implementing the finding of the study.

III. SCOPE OF THE STUDY:

Women Research scholars are a basic investment in the future and will shape the society of India of tomorrow. Concerted efforts are made by the government to develop the faculty of the students and to unfold its latent talents, and to use it to steer the destiny of the country, which has set an ambitious goal. Among the students, the educated ones have come to the forefront and sphere head various movements and are presumed to be the future leaders. Obviously, it is but natural to expect dynamism and foresight among the educated students, who are bestowed with new ideas, values and attitudes by virtue of modern education they have received, and utilize the same for the development of the country.

V. OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY:

The study has been designed with the following main objective.

- 1.To study the social background of women research scholars of Bangalore University.
- 2.To know the educational perspective of the respondents.
- 3.To study the future plan and modernization in their life. It also aims assertions.
- 4.The magnitude of satisfaction derived by the respondents of University

RESEARCH DESIGN:

The research was based on Sociological Study of women Research Scholars in Social Sciences in the University of Bangalore . The design was a descriptive study which used both quantitative and qualitative tools to customer perception needs adopted by Axis Bank. The study was based on the use of questionnaires. These approaches were used because they were satisfactory tools for collecting data for 50 samples to investigate the topic under study.

Limitations of the paper

The women research scholars are found very large in number all over the study area but only limited number of research scholars are selected for the present study because of time and resource constraints conclusion is based on the researcher and experience gained during the fieldwork. Therefore the personal limitation of the researcher are also need special mention.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

AGE GROUP OF RESPONDENTS

In India, bank customers were related to the background, It is gratifying to note that bank customers are free from to take service from banks and begin their perception with bank early age, the present data show that with the increasing enrolment of bank customers, the following table no 1 shows the age group of respondents

TABLE: 1 AGE GROUP OF RESPONDENTS

| Age Groups | No. of Respondents | Percentage (%) |
|--------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Bellow-20Years | 00 | 00 |
| 21-25 Years | 15 | 30 |
| 26 and above years | 35 | 70 |
| Total | 100 | 100 % |

(Sources: filed investigation)

Table 4.1 Illustrates that out of 50 respondents majority of i.e. 15% of the respondents are fallen under the age group of 21-25years ,70% of the respondents are fallen under the age group of 26 and above years.

OCCUPATIONS OF THE RESPONDENTS PARENTS

The below table gives the details of respondents parents occupation in the study area.

TABLE. 2 OCCUPATIONS OF THE RESPONDENTS

| Occupations | No. Of Respondents | Percentage (%) |
|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Agriculture | 13 | 26 % |
| Business | 30 | 60 % |
| Government Service | 05 | 10 % |
| Others | 02 | 04 % |
| Total | 50 | 100 % |

(Sources: filed investigation)

the above table shows the occupation pattern of the respondent's out of the total 100 respondents 60% the respondents are business-man, 26% of the respondents are in the agriculture. 10% of the respondents are occupation of Govt. employee and only 4% of the respondents are involved in the other occupations activities.

You have Problems

It Is point out that the common expects and more information You have Problems of students This begins a searching enquiring has been made to ascertain their responses were sound up in the Table No.3

**TABLE. No.3
Women scholars have Problems**

| Particulars | Respondents | Percentage |
|-------------|-------------|------------|
| Yes | 33 | 66 |
| No | 17 | 34 |
| Total | 50 | 100 |

Sources: filed investigation

Table 4.16 the above table shows that 66% of the respondents have problems and 34 percent respondents did not have any problems.

Problems of women research scholar

In the present study, a purposeful enquiry has been made to problems while studying extended to the respondents. The Views of respondents on where presented in the Table.4

TABLE. No.4
Problems of women research scholar

| Particulars | Respondents | Percentage |
|------------------|-------------|------------|
| Health | 10 | 20 |
| Communication | 7 | 14 |
| Lack of guidance | 5 | 10 |
| Finance | 28 | 56 |
| Total | 50 | 100 |

Sources: filed investigation

Above Table It is found that 20% of the respondents have health problems,14 % of the respondents got communication problems, 10 have lack of guidance and 56% of the respondents have finance problem at the time of research.

Harassment by anybody:

Probing further, the women research scholars were asked: about Harassment by anybody scholars feelings in such situation were presented in the following Table No.5

TABLE. No.5
Harassment by anybody

| Particulars | Respondents | Percentage |
|-------------|-------------|------------|
| Yes | 33 | 66 |
| No | 17 | 34 |
| Total | 50 | 100 |

Sources: filed investigation

The researcher rarely looked the opinion of the respondents' In the sample 66 per cent of respondents stated that we harassed somebody at a time of our business hours and 34 percent respondents stated that they did not harassed anybody in the society.

FINDINGS:

1. It is found that sample 66 per cent of respondents stated that we harassed somebody at a time of our business hours and 34 percent respondents stated that they did not harassed anybody in the society
2. After completing there M. Phil/ Ph. D, non professional courses, students don't know where to choose their career.
3. It is found that 20% of the respondents have health problems,14 % of the respondents got communication problems, 10 have lack of guidance and 56% of the respondents have finance problem at the time of research
4. It increases the student unrest in them. It is found that non professional students are having more unrest in comparison to professional students. So, educationist have to think to motivate the students to go towards the career oriented or vocational oriented courses so that students should not go towards

SUGGESTIONS

- 1.Higher education and vocational training of women should be promoted , with financial assistance and reservation.
- 2.Supervisor should feel the problems of students and try to solve it anyhow.
- 3.government should increase the amount of scholarships and give them free laptops, and stationeries etc
- 4.Parents should take care of their children's study and guided them
- 5.university should organize sometime the contact programme for parents, teachers and students.

CONCLUSION :

The responsibility of making history rests on the shoulders of the young generation known as youths. It is only the youth that can and will make the history. So women research scholars need to be considered important part of various policies. Right from the vedic era down to the modern times, students have played appreciable role in national reconstruction and national integration. But now wide spread frustration among students have been reported from various quarters and they instead of becoming a positive force in nation building, are getting increasingly resentful. They are showing their discontentment by behaving against social norms in a manner which bewilder the elders. Thus the problem of student unrest is not only a cause of worry to the educational administrative authorities, but it has become a national concern.

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