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A STUDY OF STREET CHILDREN

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Abstract:-There are lot of social problems In India like women, unemporovement ,unemployments, julient deliquency, children problems and streetchildren problems etc. So many street childrens do not have eduation and they are suffering from poverty . Their Families are facing many problems on of the life children. Children having no shelter and education walk on the roads and become criminals. In such cases orphan children don't have any shelter in such situation they come out their homes. Some time they also leave their primary education.

Keywords: Street Children, unemporovement, julient deliquency

1.INTRODUCTION

Some children life to beg on the railway plateform. form sell Ghutka, wash car on the car parking, collect plastics from wastes to sell to recycling factories, carrying to lugage on the railway station, polish shoes etc. and to take meal in the hotels ,to smoke cigar ,consume liquor, some time they used to steal mony etc. If children's business like hacker ship don't run so that they accept illegal path and criminal. Mostly police administration do not attention them so the devloped the crimes. So many time police take some mony from them and leave them. Police administration connive at such matter, so child crime increse .In most of the cases police brief from the working children. In india last twenty years incresed poverty, Un employment ,corruption and inflation that poor people do not control it then to accept freely live hood and earning easily mony by illegal path and enjoy in life. They can turn crime. In such cases they go on wrong way. Some hotels owners normally accept child labor to work in the hotel like clearing tables ,washing dishes but working children who could not maintain their jobs because of various reason and they start beggery or after they become criminal .In this profession they faced many problems like police, many time police beat them. Senior children teach one another how to beg and earn some money.

Causes of living life on street -

- 1) Family Poverty Parents earn their live hood pulling rikshaw, pulling catala by doing some menial work. They also wish to enjoy the things in the world when they see people enjoying around them. But to do poverty they can't get sufficient food and so education is the thing beyond their reach . They can't get sufficient cloth to wear. They are unclened. They are in dirty and unwashed dressed. So they go out of their house to meet these and earn live hood .
- 2)Lack of education —Due to the uneducated parents can't get sufficient education their parents can't pay attention on their children's education .this is the reason that wards can't get education and they leave house for the sake of job. They do the works like the theft begging ,to work as hocker in railway plate form, accept labour to work in the hotels.
- **3)Rising Population** India is the second nation in the increse of population in the world. So the nation can't provide the necessities of each citizens. This is the reason they come on the street for their livehood.
- **4)**Urbanization –The people from neighbouring villages come for job and education to the cities. So it increse the population of cities because of the incresement there is also illegal works in such atmospheres boys stray from the right path.
- **5)Industrialization** –Due to industrialization the number of workers increase and this result in the incresement of slum area. So these uncontrolled boys from slum area beg at railway station, bus stand etc.later on they join illegal

Sanjay S.Salivkar, "A Study Of Street Children, Golden Research Thoughts | Volume 4 | Issue 7 | Jan 2015 | Online & Print

things.

REVIEW OF LITERATURE-

- 1)Mankamna Nigindrappa(November 2013) in Research Link 'social economic condition and problems of street children in India' says that the street children are increase number of problems such physical, mental and social. Inthis research paper they focus on street children's problems frequently are being found of urban area or developing countries. They explained reason behind street children that family poverty and lack of education.
- 2) Shalina Parveen (November 2013) in Research link has pointed out that in 'knowledge and sexual practices among the street children in Kota city' that the survey was conducted in Kota city that the present research paper is focus on exploring the facts about their knowledge about HIV/AIDS and sexual practices. Hormonal changes in a adolecent age make them vulnerable to sexual exploitation and sexual diseases.
- 3)3) Ram Anuja (2004) in criminology stated the deliquency rate tend be during early adolence (12-16 years age group.) Jevenile delinquency is more an urban than a rural phenomenon .The metro politan cities like Delhi, Mumbai, Chennai, Calcutta, Ahmedabad, Hedrabad, Banglore produce more Juvenile delinquency than smaller cities and towm. Children living with parents and guardians are found to be more involved in the Juvenile crimes. Low education background is the prime attribute of if delinquency and poor economics back ground is another important charactersticks of Juvenile delinquency in India.

METHODOLOGY-

Methodology has played important role in research. Researcher used primary secondary sources for data collection such as interviews schedule and novels, magazine. The data collection was conducted at Amravati, Badnera and Akola railway station Maharashtra.75% children were selected for the interviews including girls and boys aged between 6 to 18 years .The random sampling technique was used for the sample of universe. The target groups discustion were conducted with the respondents as boys and girls. The article Presents criminal condition and economic problem of streat children.

OBJECTIVES.

- 1)To know the phenomena of stroot children with economical condition.
- 2) To know the various problem of street children.
- 3) To examine the family background of steet children.
- 4)To know the educational status.
- 5)To find the health status of street children.

Street children earning some money and provide families needs but mostly children spend money for meal, consuming liquor, chewing, ghutaka etc. They suffer form diseases which in many illegal habits and in younger ages they fall victim to many diseases. Due to the lack of money they do these illigal things from other ways like suffering thinner, sticking solution, whitener. Some time they fall down from the train when they try to get in the train if they are saved they have to live the life as a handicapped. So many time they facing the problem of harassment of police like beating, arresting etc.

CONCLUSION-

- 1) The research paper provides the discussion of street children's family belonging below poverty level. So that all street children became problematic.
- 2) 96.5% children have poor knowledge of education because so many learnt only 4th standard or 5th standard.
- 3) 55.00% children are getting money from crime.
- 4) So many children are getting many diseases. like pneumonia sexually transmitted infection
- 5) They study explored 85% children were drug addicted. 6) 62% children started beggary in very childhood.
- 7) 80.50 % children found not aware of their health.
- 8) When they were asked their future 74.5 % said that they had no future.
- 9) 82% children found not wash body regular because they have no intrest due to the lack of water.
- 10) 51% children suffering from various problems like health as exima.
- 11) Their economic condition is very poor.

SUGGETION:-

- 1)To decrease the number of children on the road or Juvenile delinquency police administration pay attention.
- 2)Police should arrest such a children and comple them education. Education can bring change in their life.
- 3) Where the children works as hockers administration.
- should prohibit them so that such matter should not rise again.
- 4)Most of the social institution should pay attention on such matter and should inspire the working children for
- 5) Administration should may available good found and medical survice for such children.

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