

Vol 4 Issue 9 March 2015

ISSN No :2231-5063

International Multidisciplinary
Research Journal

Golden Research
Thoughts

Chief Editor
Dr.Tukaram Narayan Shinde

Publisher
Mrs.Laxmi Ashok Yakkaldevi

Associate Editor
Dr.Rajani Dalvi

Honorary
Mr.Ashok Yakkaldevi

Welcome to GRT

RNI MAHMUL/2011/38595

ISSN No.2231-5063

Golden Research Thoughts Journal is a multidisciplinary research journal, published monthly in English, Hindi & Marathi Language. All research papers submitted to the journal will be double - blind peer reviewed referred by members of the editorial board. Readers will include investigator in universities, research institutes government and industry with research interest in the general subjects.

International Advisory Board

Flávio de São Pedro Filho Federal University of Rondonia, Brazil	Mohammad Hailat Dept. of Mathematical Sciences, University of South Carolina Aiken	Hasan Baktir English Language and Literature Department, Kayseri
Kamani Perera Regional Center For Strategic Studies, Sri Lanka	Abdullah Sabbagh Engineering Studies, Sydney	Ghayoor Abbas Chotana Dept of Chemistry, Lahore University of Management Sciences[PK]
Janaki Sinnasamy Librarian, University of Malaya	Ecaterina Patrascu Spiru Haret University, Bucharest	Anna Maria Constantinovici AL. I. Cuza University, Romania
Romona Mihaila Spiru Haret University, Romania	Loredana Bosca Spiru Haret University, Romania	Ilie Pinteau, Spiru Haret University, Romania
Delia Serbescu Spiru Haret University, Bucharest, Romania	Fabricio Moraes de Almeida Federal University of Rondonia, Brazil	Xiaohua Yang PhD, USA
Anurag Misra DBS College, Kanpur	George - Calin SERITAN Faculty of Philosophy and Socio-Political Sciences AL. I. Cuza University, IasiMore
Titus PopPhD, Partium Christian University, Oradea,Romania		

Editorial Board

Pratap Vyamktrao Naikwade ASP College Devrukh,Ratnagiri,MS India	Iresh Swami Ex - VC. Solapur University, Solapur	Rajendra Shendge Director, B.C.U.D. Solapur University, Solapur
R. R. Patil Head Geology Department Solapur University,Solapur	N.S. Dhaygude Ex. Prin. Dayanand College, Solapur	R. R. Yaliker Director Managment Institute, Solapur
Rama Bhosale Prin. and Jt. Director Higher Education, Panvel	Narendra Kadu Jt. Director Higher Education, Pune	Umesh Rajderkar Head Humanities & Social Science YCMOU,Nashik
Salve R. N. Department of Sociology, Shivaji University,Kolhapur	K. M. Bhandarkar Praful Patel College of Education, Gondia	S. R. Pandya Head Education Dept. Mumbai University, Mumbai
Govind P. Shinde Bharati Vidyapeeth School of Distance Education Center, Navi Mumbai	Sonal Singh Vikram University, Ujjain	Alka Darshan Shrivastava Shaskiya Snatkottar Mahavidyalaya, Dhar
Chakane Sanjay Dnyaneshwar Arts, Science & Commerce College, Indapur, Pune	G. P. Patankar S. D. M. Degree College, Honavar, Karnataka	Rahul Shriram Sudke Devi Ahilya Vishwavidyalaya, Indore
Awadhesh Kumar Shirotriya Secretary,Play India Play,Meerut(U.P.)	Maj. S. Bakhtiar Choudhary Director,Hyderabad AP India.	S.KANNAN Annamalai University,TN
	S.Parvathi Devi Ph.D.-University of Allahabad	Satish Kumar Kalhotra Maulana Azad National Urdu University
	Sonal Singh, Vikram University, Ujjain	

Address:-Ashok Yakkaldevi 258/34, Raviwar Peth, Solapur - 413 005 Maharashtra, India
Cell : 9595 359 435, Ph No: 02172372010 Email: ayisrj@yahoo.in Website: www.aygrt.isrj.org



IMPACTS OF PANCHAYATI RAJ IN JAMMU & KASHMIR

Ashaq Hussain Malik¹ and Rama Singh²

¹Department of Political Science, Singhania University Rajasthan.

²Prof. Arya Kanya Degree College, University of Allahabad

Abstract:-The present paper reports the impact of Panchayati Raj in the state of Jammu & Kashmir. A study was carried out in 5 districts of the state to know about the various aspects of this system and record its impacts on various social and economic parameters of the people of Jammu and Kashmir. It was found that this system has caused various changes in the life of people of Jammu & Kashmir, but the aspirations of people were not fully fulfilled. People are wishing for reforms in this system.

Keywords: Panchayati raj, Jammu & Kashmir, Parameters, Reforms

INTRODUCTION

Panchayati Raj is the oldest philosophy of democracy in India since Vedic age (1200 B.C) "Panchayat" literally means assembly (ayat) of five (panchs) wise and respected elders chosen and accepted by the local community. Traditionally, these assemblies settled disputes between individuals and villages. The first five-year plan stress that the success of rural development largely depends on an active units in the village. This unit should represent the community as a whole with Govt support, this agency could also effectively unite the people in common project for village welfare. For this purpose, the village panchayat was to be the foundation of entire administration structure for national development. At the

beginning of first five-year plan 83,000 Panchayats existed in Indian villages now it has raised to 25,000 in (2011). To make Article 40 operational, the Balwantrai Mehta committee was appointed in 1957 to study implementation of the Panchayati Raj. As a result of its recommendation, a three tier Panchayati Raj was introduced: The gram panchayat at the village level, Panchayati samiti at block level and zilla prishad at district level.



Jammu & Kashmir is the northernmost state of India. It is situated mostly in the Himalayan mountain, located between 33.45N and 76.24E, this beautiful valley has an average height of 1,850

Impacts Of Panchayati Raj In Jammu&kashmir

meters (6,070ft) above sea-level. The main valley is 100km (62mi) wide and 15,502.3 km² (5,992.4sqmi) in area. With 22 districts, during British period, while as in the rest of country the Panchayati Raj system passed through various phases, in the state of J&K it was only in 1935 when the first village Panchayat Act No.1 was promulgated by the Maharaja Hari Singh. The preamble of the Act, states "it expedient to establish in J&K state the village Panchayats to assist in the administrative, civil and criminal justice and also to manage the sanitation and other common concerns of the village. The Act of 1935 was amended in 1941, after independence several amendments were made in constitution of Panchayati Raj in J&K, in 1958, 1989 and 2004. In 1951, 540 Panchayats had been establish in state now, it raise to 4158 in (2011). The study was carried out with following objective to know the impact(s) of Panchayati Raj in Jammu & Kashmir.

METHODOLOGY

The study was carried at in three phases (1) selection of target group. For selection of target group, 5 districts 3 from Kashmir division (Pulwama, Srinagar & Kargil) and two from Jammu division (Jammu & Doda). Were selected 4 villages from each district were selected randomly for study. Five peoples above the age of 50 years were selected belonging to different occupations. (2) Collection of information

Frequent visits were made into the study area from 2010-2011 and information from the people was collected by using questionnaires discussions were held with Pannchs and Sarpanchs for getting more information.

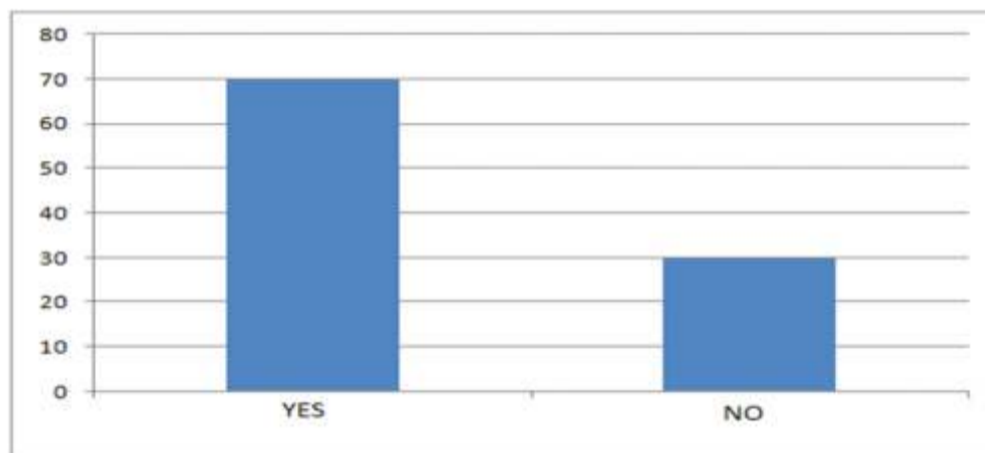
(3) verification and compilation of data.

The data was verified with available literature and by discussions with relevant authorities of each district and other sources like internet etc

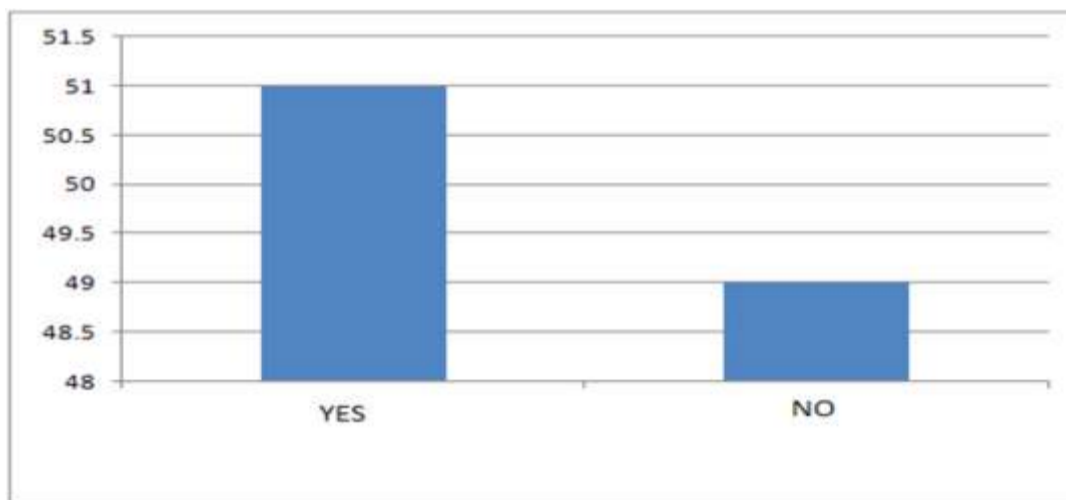
RESULTS

The responses obtained for questions used in the survey are given in the form of graphs, which are as under:-

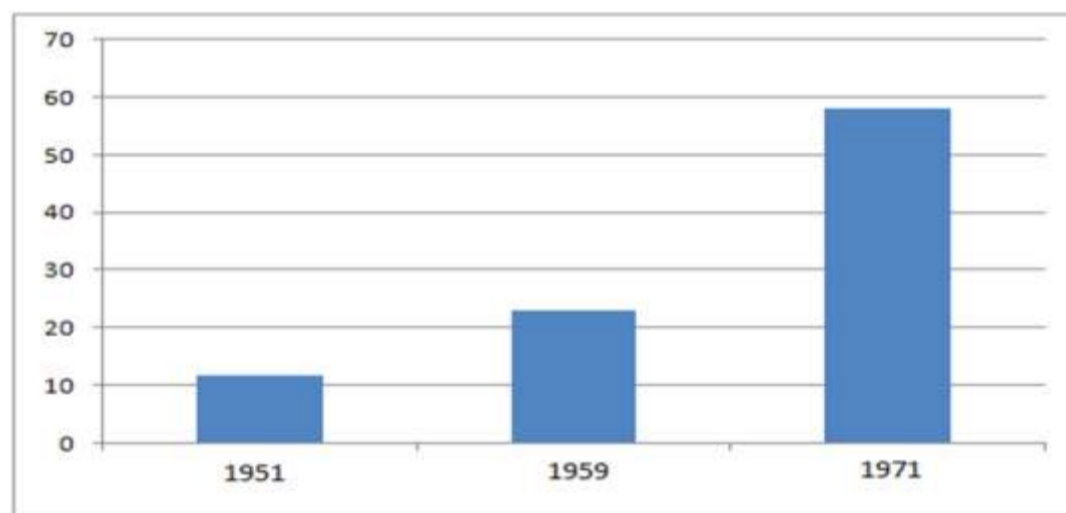
Q.No.1.Do you know about Panchayati Raj?



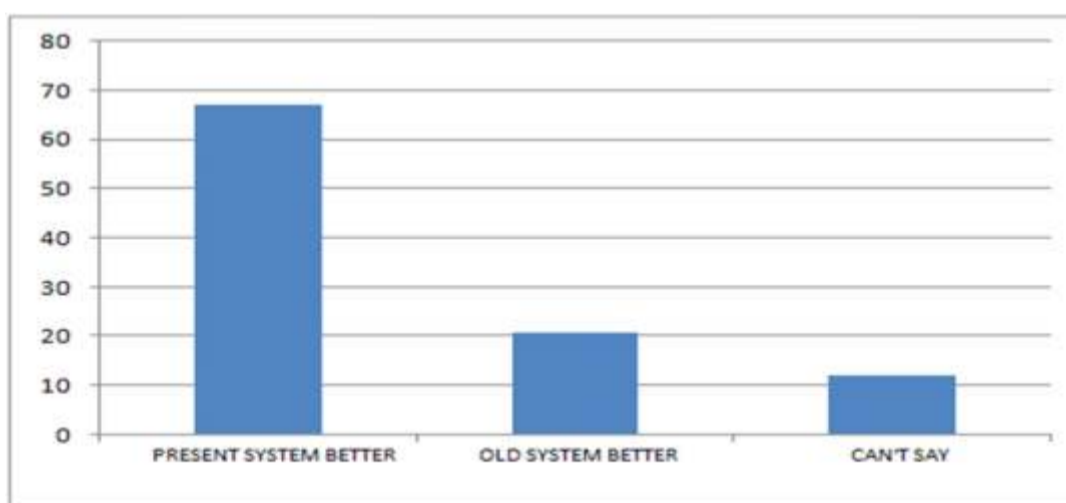
Q.No. 2 Do you know the duties of Panchayat?



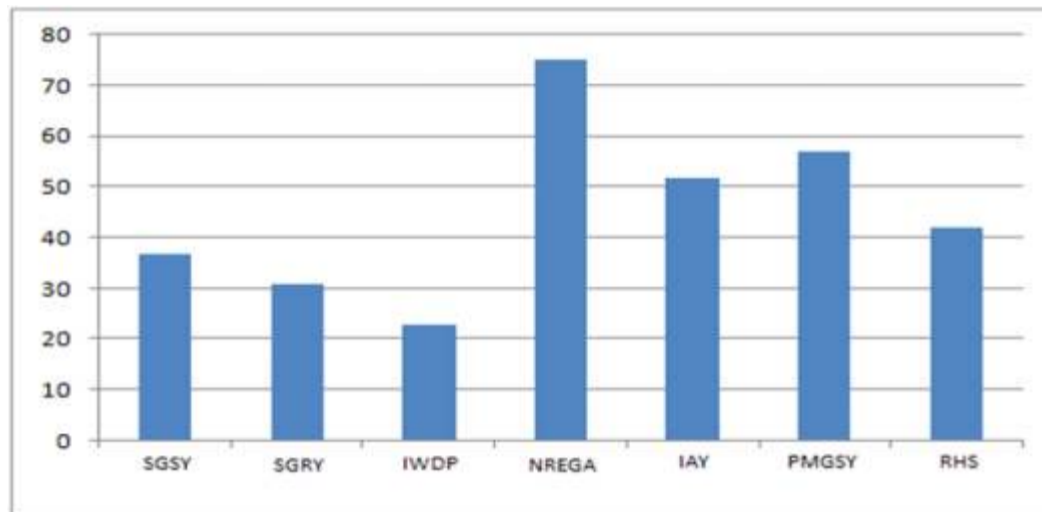
Q. No. 3. In which year Panchayat was established in your area?



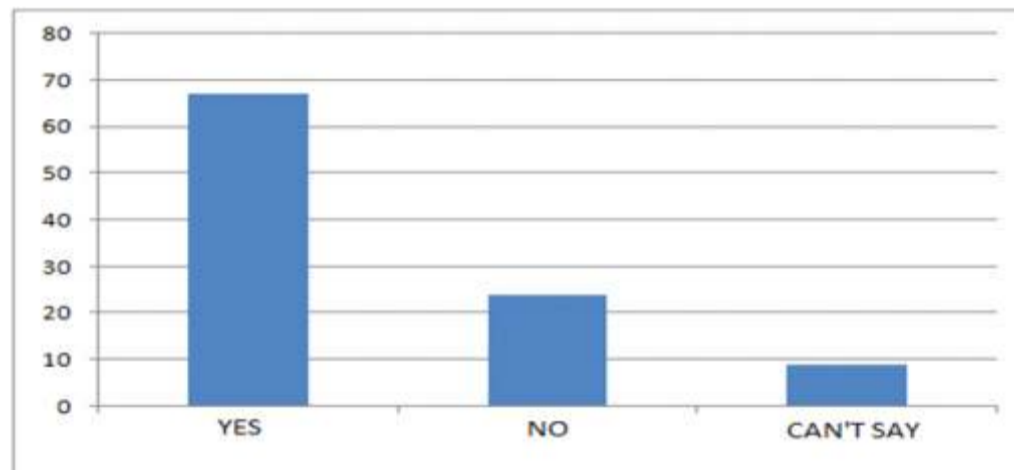
Q. No. 4. What difference(s) you see in the older system of Panchayat and now?



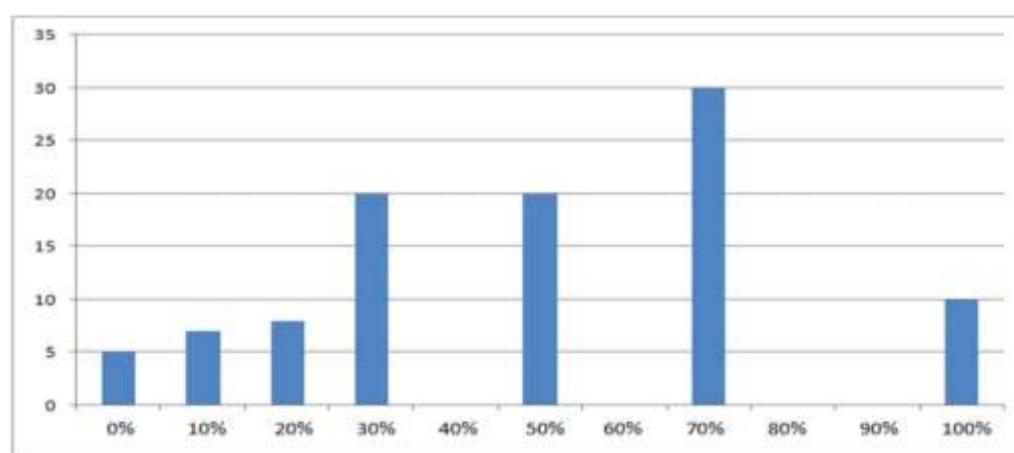
Q.No. 5. Which schemes were implemented by the Panchayats in your area ?



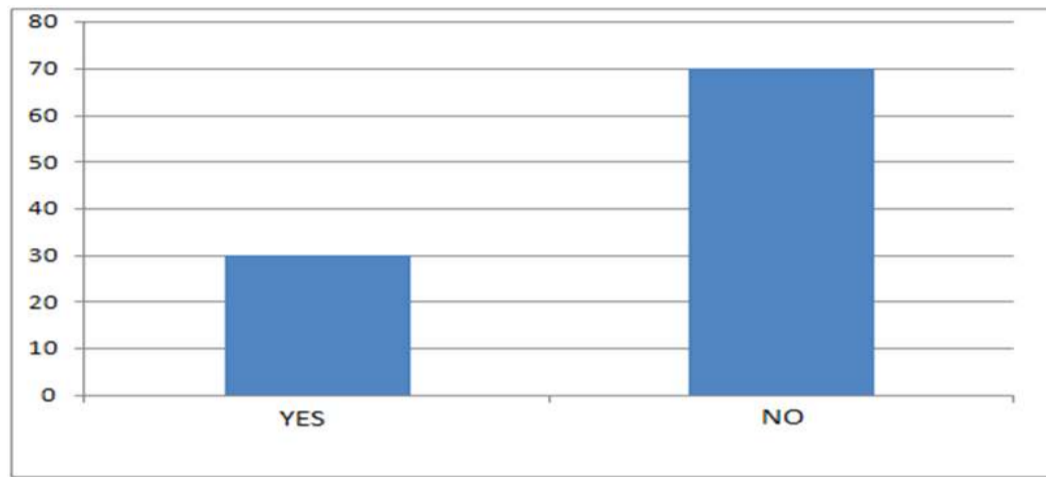
Q.No. 6. Whether every section of society participate in the Panchayati Raj system ?



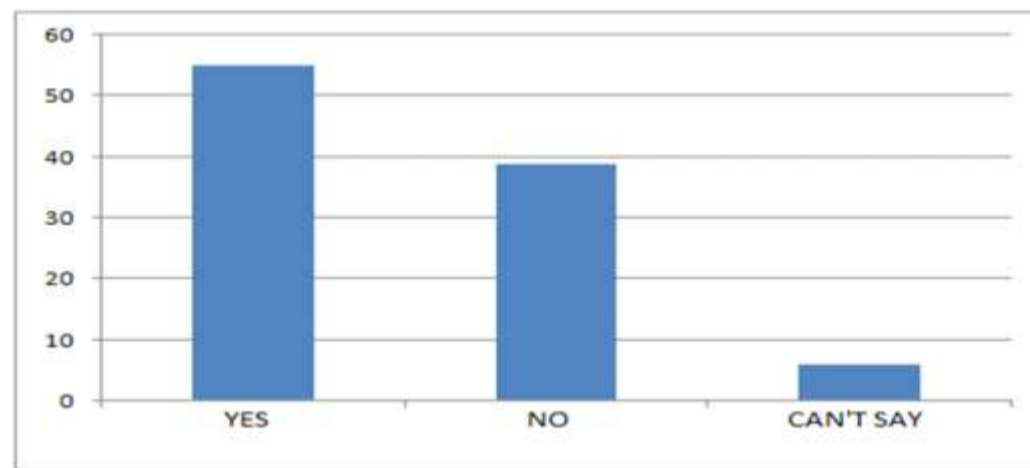
Q.No. 7. How much effective do you think is Panchayati Raj for reducing poverty?



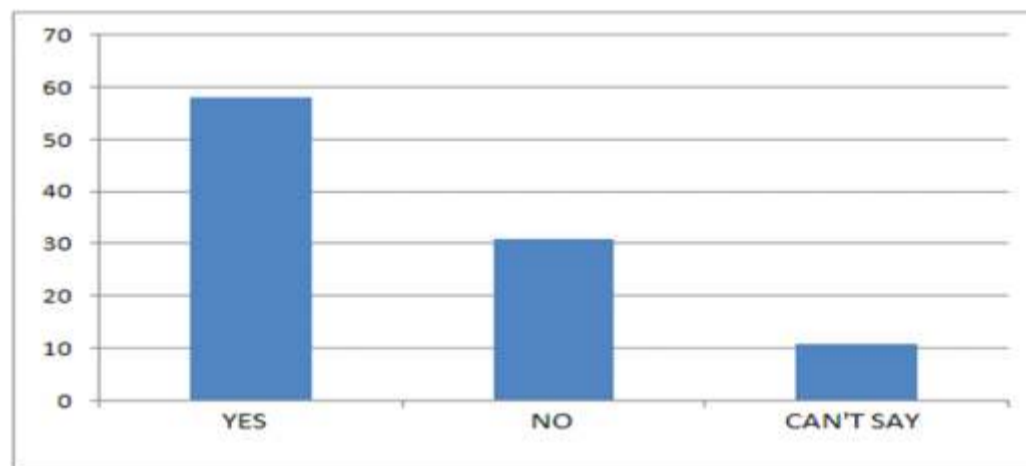
Q.No. 8. Do you think Panchayati raj system provides equal opportunity to all sections of the society?



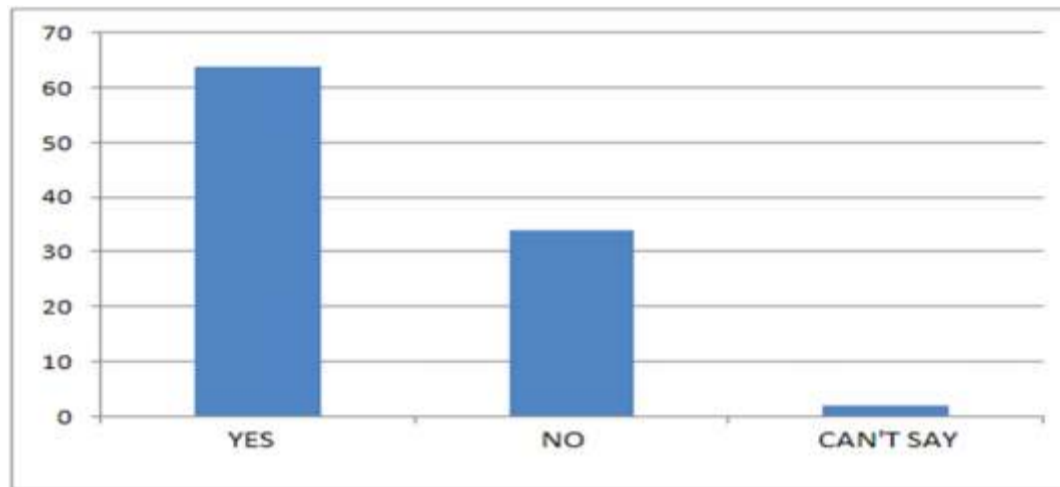
Q. No. 9. Is there any power imbalance created by Panchayati Raj system in the society?



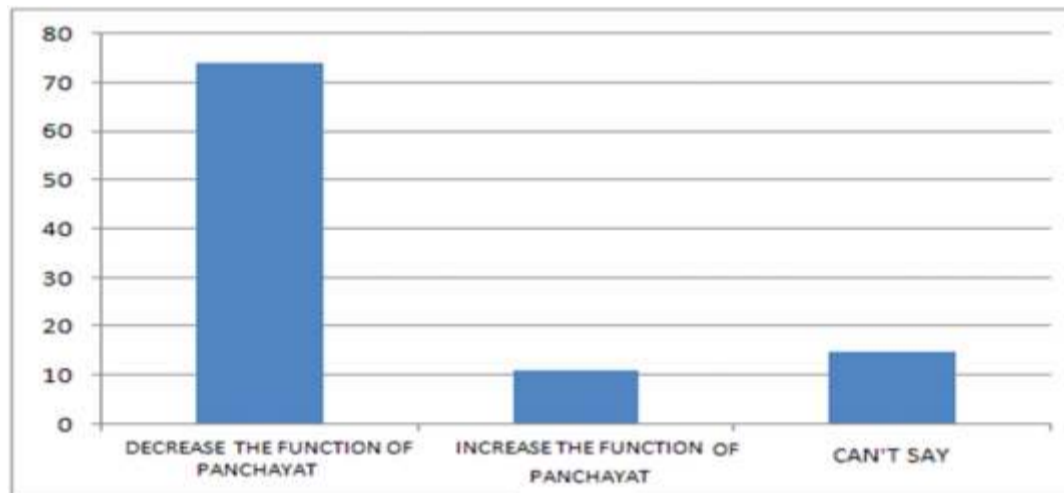
Q.No. 10. Do you think that Panchayati Raj system has given rise to corruption at lower level?



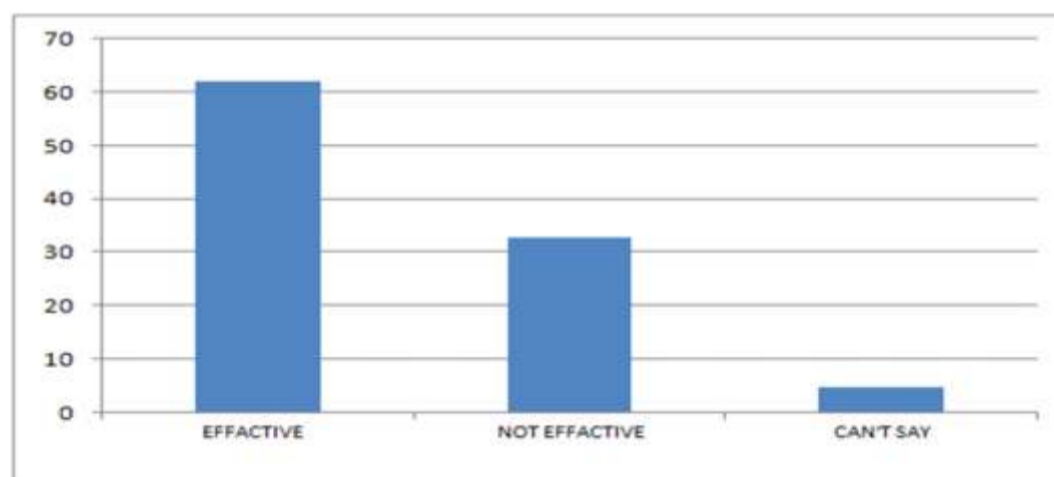
Q.No. 11. Whether the schemes implemented by Panchayat Raj system were beneficial to you ?



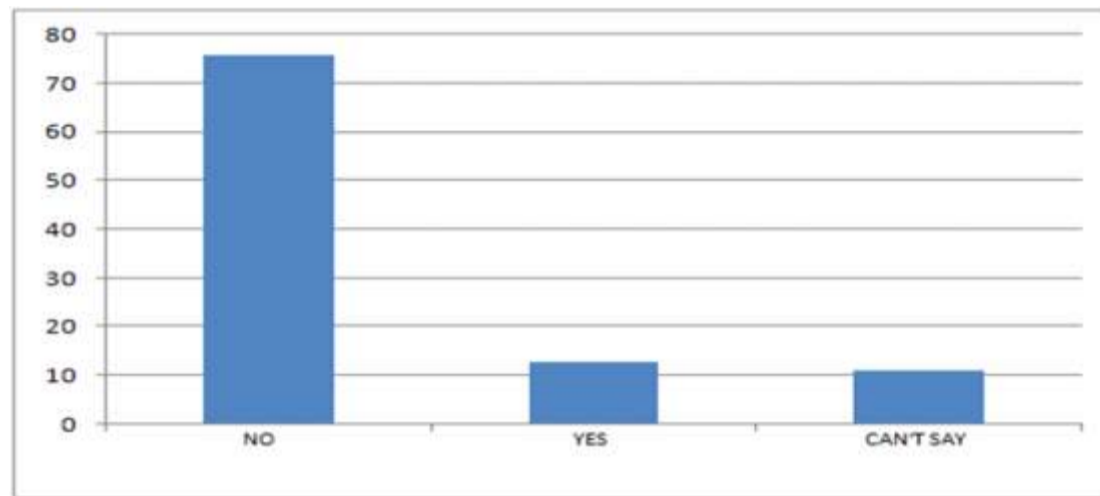
Q.No. 12. What is the impact of social conditions on the functioning of Panchayati Raj?



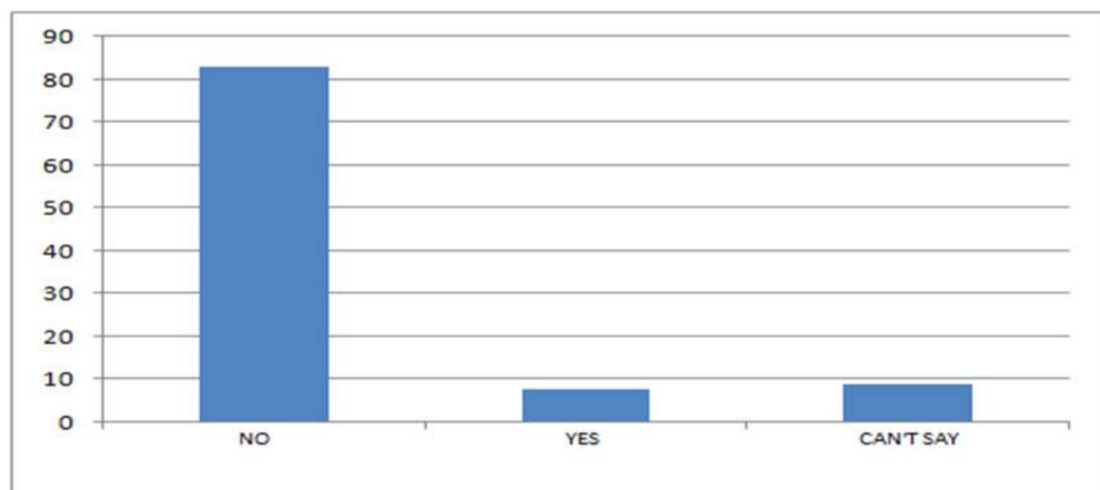
Q.No 13. What do you think about the effectiveness of Panchayati Raj system in your area?



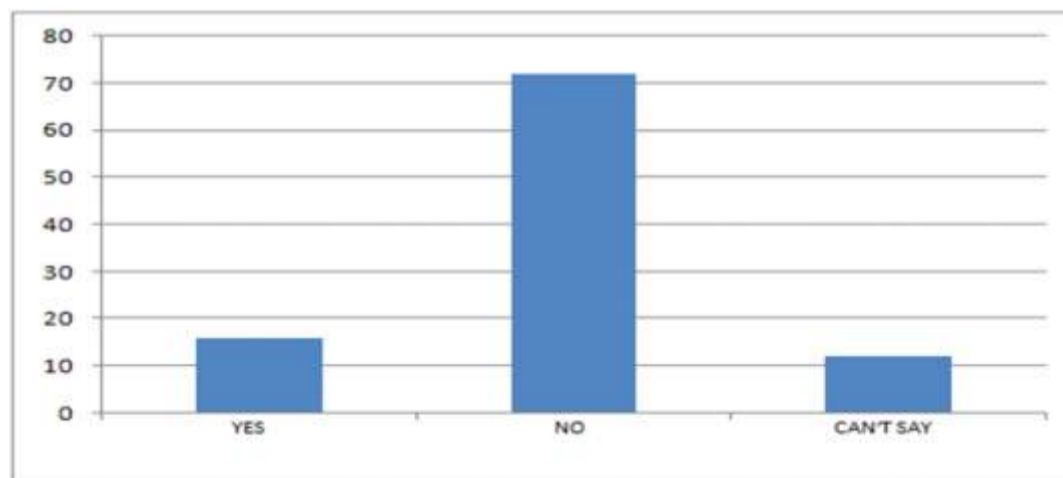
Q.No. 14. Do you think Panchayati Raj system has added to the empowerment of the women ?



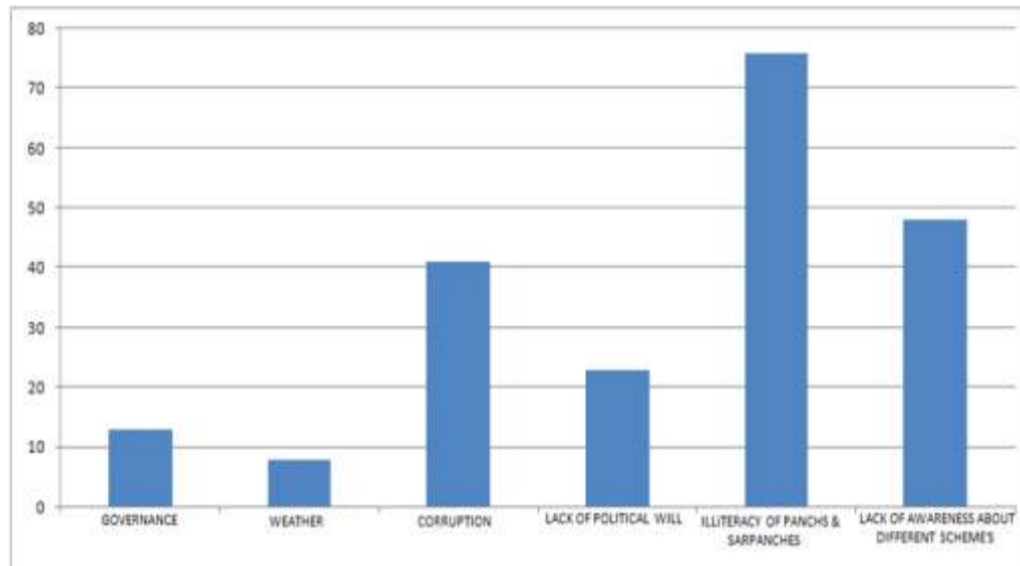
Q.No. 15. Do you think that Panchayati Raj is effective bringing social justice?



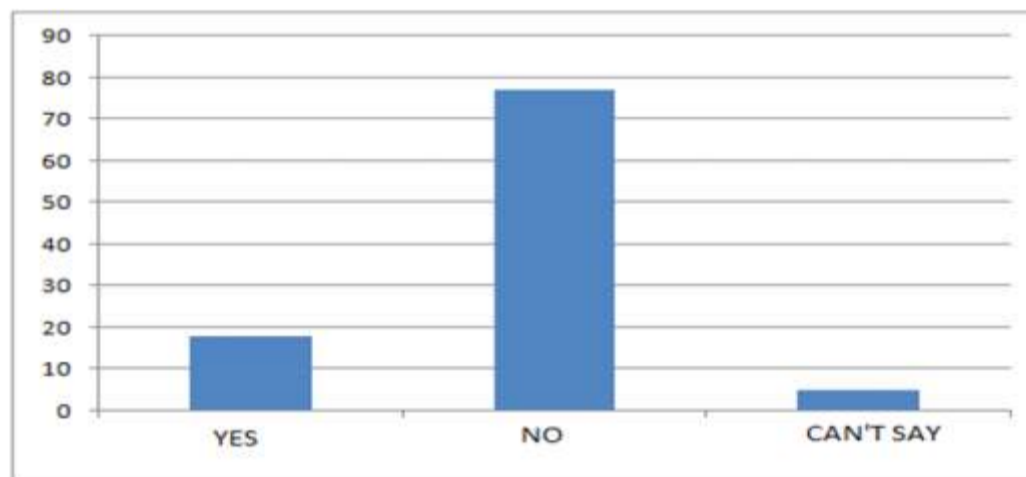
Q.No.16. Do you think that Panchayati Raj is beneficial for conserving the culture of your area?



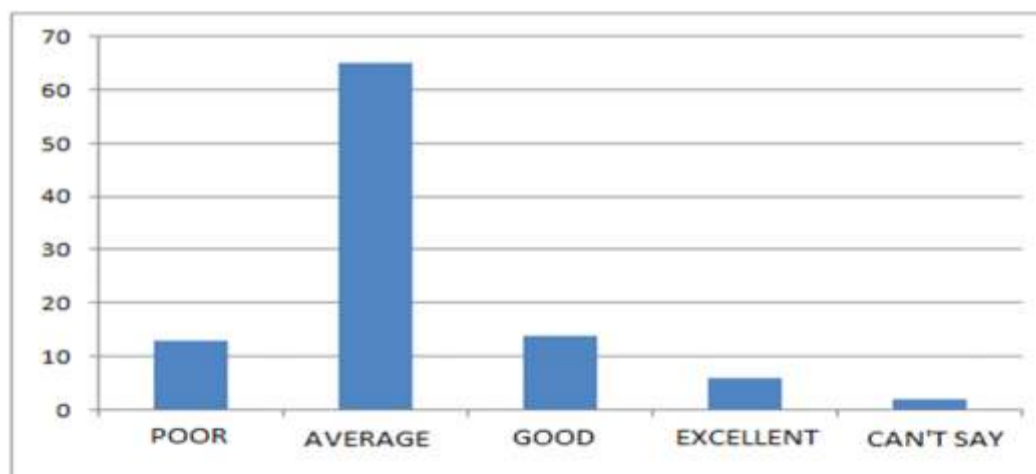
Q.No. 17. What are the factors that influence performance of Panchayat in your area?



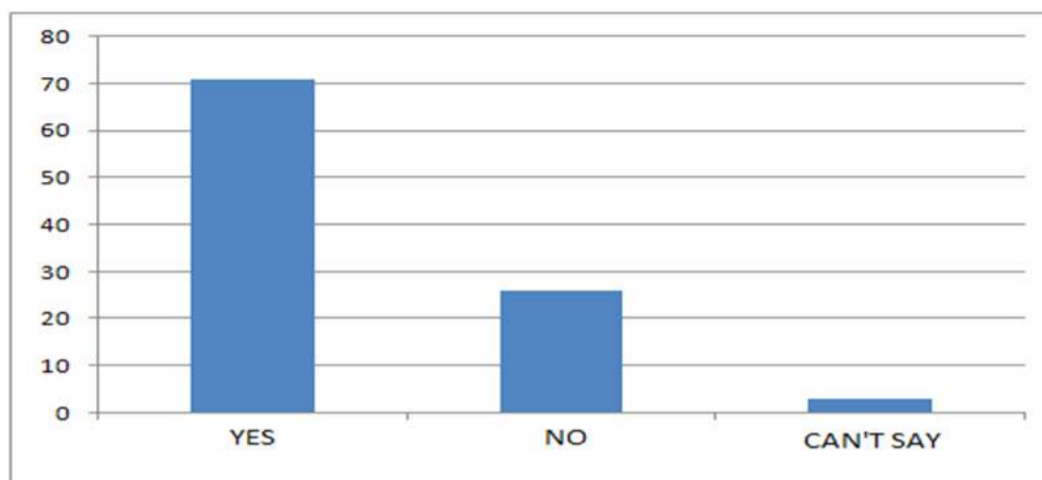
Q.No. 18. Are you aware about the “right to know” program?



Q.No. 19. What do you think about the quality of Panchayat functions?



Q.No. 20. Do you think that there should be reforms in the Panchayati Raj?



CONCLUSION

In this study, it was found that most of people know about Panchayati Raj, although most of the areas were not covered until recent year. In Jammu & Kashmir most of the people think that social conditions effects the influence of the Panchayat. Various factors like corruption, lack of political will, and illiteracy etc, also effect the functions of the system. People aspire more from the system. People think that the redaction of poverty, empowerment of women, social justice. Most of the people suggest reforms for this system. This system has contributed a lot to the society, but not upto the aspirants of the people.

REFERANCES

1. Sharma Mukesh "Panchayati Raj System and Empowerment" Surabhi Publication Jaipur (India) first edition.2002
2. Govt. of India. (1957). Review of First Five Year Plan, Delhi: Planning Commission.P.310-311.
3. Ministry of Panchayati Raj Govt of India.
4. Singh Hoshier Professor and Chairman, Department of Public Administration, Kurukshetra University, Haryana, India.
5. Rural development Department Govt of Jammu & Kashmir.
6. Punjabi Riyaz (1990) "Panchayati Raj in Kashmir yesterday, today and tomorrow" in Panchayati Raj in J&K ed. George Mathew, ISS, New Delhi
7. Sultan M. (1995) "Jammu & Kashmir" in Status of Panchayati Raj in the state of India. 1994', ISS, Concept Publishing House, New Delhi.
8. 'Panchayati Raj Act-1989 & Panchayati Raj Rule-1996' Agriculture & Rural Development Department, J&K Govt.



Ashaq Hussain Malik

Department of Political Science, Singhania University Rajasthan.

Publish Research Article International Level Multidisciplinary Research Journal For All Subjects

Dear Sir/Mam,

We invite unpublished Research Paper, Summary of Research Project, Theses, Books and Book Review for publication, you will be pleased to know that our journals are

Associated and Indexed, India

- * International Scientific Journal Consortium
- * OPEN J-GATE

Associated and Indexed, USA

- EBSCO
- Index Copernicus
- Publication Index
- Academic Journal Database
- Contemporary Research Index
- Academic Paper Database
- Digital Journals Database
- Current Index to Scholarly Journals
- Elite Scientific Journal Archive
- Directory Of Academic Resources
- Scholar Journal Index
- Recent Science Index
- Scientific Resources Database
- Directory Of Research Journal Indexing

Golden Research Thoughts
258/34 Raviwar Peth Solapur-413005, Maharashtra
Contact-9595359435
E-Mail-ayisrj@yahoo.in/ayisrj2011@gmail.com
Website : www.aygrt.isrj.org