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#### A STUDY ON SOCIAL INTELLIGENCE AMONG ARTS AND SCIENCE COLLEGE STUDENTS





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#### Short Profile

Santosh Kumar is working as an Assistant Professor of Psychology at Maharani's Arts, Commerce and Management College for women, Sheshadri Road in Bangalore. He has Completed M.A, M.S, M.Phil, Ph.D.



#### ABSTRACT:

The present study attempts to measure the influence of social intelligence among Arts and Science

. The sample was restricted 80 (N=80) selected randomly from various colleges from rural and urban background, the data have been collected from P.U. College Gulbarga. The data subjected to statistical analysis like t-test. Results clearly indicated that, responding of females are more social intelligence than the males.

KEYWORDS Social Intelligence, Arts And Science College Students, statistical analysis.

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#### INTRODUCTION :

In recent years, our knowledge of primate behavior and intelligence have grown rapidly, giving new insights into the origins and nature of our own intelligence. It has been proposed that, the richness and complexity of primate social interactions have been a forcing house for the growth of primate intelligence (Jolly 1966 : Humphery 1976) primites social cognition is often approached by informal verbal descriptions (Byrne and whiten 1988. Dennett 1983, Cheney and Syfarch 1990).

There are good reasons to expect that, primate social cognition, symbolic representation of social situations scripts are such a representation chosen to be as simple as possible.

A complete and consistent theory of social cognition un see built using scripts and three basic operations of them. The theory gives simples, understandable accounts of many observations, such as primates, understanding of kind status relations in their groups, of alarm calls and attachment behavior.

The theory gives highly adaptable social intelligence with rapid learning of new social regularities in broad agreement with observed primates' behavior. A formal motation to describe primate social knowledge and behavior has also proposed by me (1993) using a production role formalism. The script chalens proposed here has features in common with tailored to the social domain.

#### THE NEED FOR SOCIAL INTELLIGENCE:

Social intelligence in the primate Brain social interactions are more comply than those in other mammals. Some example-Kin recognition : (Judge 1982 : Smis 1985) after a fight between two monkeys, relatives of one are likely to threaten relations of the other female from this protection other examples are described in section is, where they are compared with the theory. These examples show that, primates have detailed knowledge of other in their group of their skin, status and alliance relations of their current state and activities and of the cause effect regularities of their society : that they combine all this knowledge in flexible ways to achieve diverge goals, such as

- •Attachment to a parent
- •Feeding
- Avoidance of predations
- Maintaining status in the group care giving to offspring

Each one of these goals involves complexly co-ordinate patterns of behavior and can be studied as a behavioral system (Male 1982) at any one time, an animal is involved in typically one or at most system involves not just stereotyped reflexes, but also goal directed behavior to achieve the goals of any behavioral system comply locomotors, problems may need to be solved. For instance in order to, feed a primate might have to negative to a food source negative social obstacles of in the fallen of domineer peers, and than climb a there to pick fruit we absence that, there are common modules in the brain to hap go we these problems. As, we shall see, the social domain has enough complexity of its own, without mixing in those other challenges: may be a letter theory will tackle the interactions how the skin itself may contribute to individuation categorization and so on.

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#### THE STRUCTURE OF THE SOCIAL DOMAIN:

A good strategy, it many domains of cognition seems to be to form internal representation of situations in the domain running an internal simulation of external reality is a low cost way to check the consequence of possible actions, before doing them for real (for some relevant consideration see (Vera & Semon 1993) and the response to their article and (Worden 1995). To apply the idea of internal representation to the social domain, we first list some important properties of social situations: the theory will use internal representation which match the properties. I shall use examples from a hypathbelical troop of monkeys with roman names: and will contrast the social domain with the spatial / physical domain represented in the LSM.

#### COGNITIVE MODELS OF SOCIAL INTELLIGENCE:

Conditioning models such as the Rescorla Wagner (1972) model don't capture the structured systematic and productive character of social situations (51-53) because, they represent each casual relation by a single local coupling strength. There is no representation of the structure relation or syrtenetic enumeration of possible relation. They can represent discrete values (54) causal relations over Intervers (55) chaining of cause and effect (57) but have no way of discovering of representing the generalist's across individuals (56) which are important in social cognition.

3 mental models (Ex: analoge representations of local space and motion such as the LSM Johnson Larel are probably used by higher animals to predict the movements of objects around then and to plan to their own.

Symbolic processing (Chalniak & MC Dermoti 1988) has the structured systematic and productive character needed for the social domain, (S3-53) it is also well suited to handle the discrete values involves in social situation against representing between feature of the social domain and these styles of computational model is summarized in table.

#### THEORY OF SOCIAL INTELLIGENCE:

#### Structure and meaning of scripts:

I shall describe the theory at Marrs (1982) algorithmic level an description of information structures and operations of them note going to the implementation level to consider possible neural relations (that is probably) the level at which neural notes are relevant, as components of the sim we look the simplest internal representation of social situation which captures their important properties which can be used to show that, these script are an optional solution to the problem of social cognition giving the best possible fitness under defined conditions there is not space here to present the mathematical theory of scripts.

#### FACTUAL SCRIPTS AND RULE SCRIPTS:

In the theory each primate continually form script representation of the social elements which male or female observes. These are called factual scripts and form a sort of historic record of primate or

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life (or recent part) the purpose of having the representation is to predict likely social outcomes before they happen and take appropriate actions to flexible and expressive way to represent both general and local social causal lows.

#### PROBLEM:

A Study on Social Intelligence Among Arts and Science students.

#### **OBJECTIVE:**

To find out the differences between Arts & Science college students in the following areas of social intelligence.

a) Patience
b) cooperativeness
c) Confidence
d) Sensitivity
e) Recognition of Social Environment
f) Tactfulness
g) Sense of Humor
h) Memory

#### **HYPOTHESIS**:

There will be significant difference between male & female college students in social intelligence.

#### VARIABLE:

Independent variableSex

#### Dependent variable :-

#### Social intelligence (cooperativeness)

a) Patience
b) Cooperativeness
c) Confidence
d) Sensitivity
e) Recognition of Social Environment
f) Tactfulness
g) Sense of Humor

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#### h) Memory

#### **METHODOLOGY:**

80 Male science and arts students, 80 female science and arts students were selected.

#### SAMPLE DESIGN

Arts	Science	Total
80	80	160

#### Test Used

Social intelligence scale by Chada and Usha Ganesan (1986) was used in the study. For scoring the man made desertions are follows.

Discussion: The results are presented in the following tables.

#### Table No.1. Shows the results of Arts & Science

	Arts	Science
Mean	105.87	97.06
S.D.	12.06	0.43
T Value	01.767	

Table No.1 shows, the results of social intelligence among Arts & Science. The higher means score of Arts students is 105.87 & S.D is 12.06. This clearly shows that, the Mean score of female is slightly higher than the male. There is a significant difference since the obtained T-Value of 1.767 indicates the same.

Table No.2 Showing the Mean Scores & S.D of social intelligence of Arts female students.

N=80

	Arts	Science
Mean	91.2	95.06
S.D.	11.01	1.43
T Value	02.216	`

Table No. 2 shows, the results of Arts students the Mean Score of Arts is 91.2 and SD 11.1 Science Mean Score is 95.06 and S.D is 1.43. it shows that, Science Stuents have more social

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intelligence than that of Arts.

CONCLUSIONS:

The following are the conclusions of the study:

1. Table No.1 shows, the results of social intelligence among Arts & Science, Arts is slightly higher than the male.

2.Table No.2 shows, the results of Male & Females. It shows that females have more social intelligence than the arts.

3. Table No. 3 shows, the results of Arts and Science. Arts are more social intelligence than the a.

4. Table No. 4 shows, the results of arts. It shows that, Arts students have more social intelligence than the Science students.

5. Table No. 5 shows, the results of science, social intelligence it shows that, females have more social intelligence than the arts.

6.Table No.6 shows, the science students of Arts. It shows that, the science females have moral social intelligence that the males.

7.Table No. 7 shows, the science students of Males & Females. It shows that, science female students have more social intelligence than science male students.

8. Table No.8 shows, the results of males of science male & female students. It shows that, Males have more social intelligence than the males.

9. Table No. 9 shows, the results of females of science of male & female. It shows that, females science students have more social intelligence than the females science students.

10. Table No. 10 shows, the results of science & arts male & female students. It shows that, female Arts & Science males have more social intelligence than Male Arts & Science students.

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