

## Author's Profile

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#### Short Profile:

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# **Article Review Report**

# **Golden Research Thoughts**

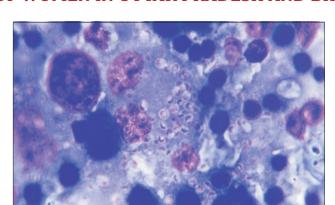
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### **ORIGINAL ARTICLE**

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REPRODUCTIVE MORBIDITY AND TREATMENT SEEKING BEHAVIOR OF WOMEN IN UTTAR PRADESH AND BIHAR



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## C.Sivapragasam and V.Saravanakumar

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#### **ABSTRACT:**

India's achievement of Millennium Development Goals, especially goals 4 and 5 mainly depends on the two most populous states of India, namely, Uttar Pradesh and Bihar. Though there is a progress in achieving the same in the recent years.

Abstract Report: The Title Accurately Said The Study was About.

#### **INTRODUCTION:**

In India, Delhi, Kerala, Himachal Pradesh, Haryana and Punjab are the best performing States in human development indicators, while Chhattisgarh, Bihar, Madhya Pradesh, Jharkhand and Odisha are the worst performers as per Human Development Report-2011.

Introduction Report: This Article Include Full Introduction, Methods, Results & Introduction Section.

#### **METHODS & MATERIALS:**

The present paper utilizes the district level household survey (DLHS-2, DLHS-3) data. In order to fulfill the above objectives, the recently concluded reproductive and child health data - DLHS-3 have been used.

Methods & Materials Report: Tables/Boxes/Diagram & Images are Used to Explain Specific Points or Background Information. Figures That The Plotted Parameters are Clearly Mentioned.

#### **RESULT:**

The Reproductive morbidity, namely, obstetric and gynecological is higher for women living in Uttar Pradesh and Bihar, which leads to mortality of women due to Social, Economic and Cultural factors.

Result Report: Figures are Imported to Provide Explanation for Background Information. Conclusion of This Paper Clearly Supported Results.

#### **CONCLUSION:**

The government of India and the State governments have taken lot of measures to achieve health goals in the recent decades with the help of national programmes, state programmes and state Population Policies. But still there exists variations between the districts in some of the indicators.

Conclusion Report: The Text is Rounded off with a Conclusion that Discusses the Implication of The Findings & Ideas Discussed & Their Impact on Future Research Direction.

#### **REFERENCES:**

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Reference Report: There are Places where the Author C. Sivapragasam and V. Saravanakumar Need to Cite a Reference, but Have Not

#### **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

Abstract Report: Introduce New Regular For Content & Communication.

#### **SUMMARY OF ARTICLE:**

	Very	High	Average	Low	Very Low
1. Interest of the topic to the readers	1				
2. Originally & Novelty of the ideas	✓				
3. Importance of the proposed ideas		4			
4. Timelines			4		
5. Sufficient information to support the assertions made & conclusion drawn					
6. Quality of writing(Organization, Clarity, Accuracy Grammer)	1				
7. References & Citation(Up-to-date, Appropriate Sufficient)			1		

This Article is Innovative & Original, No Plagiarism Detected

#### **Future Research Suggestions**

This Article can expand further research for MINOR/MAJOR Research Project at UGC































## Future Research Planning:

- 1. Career For Faculty (http://academicprofile.org/Professor/CareerForFaculty.aspx)
- 2. Academic Plan (http://academicprofile.org/Professor/AcademicPlan.aspx)
- 3. Regarding Professor Promotion (http://academicprofile.org/Professor/regardingPromotion.aspx)
- 4. Fellowship for Post Doctoral (http://academicprofile.org/Professor/FellowshipForPD.aspx)
- 5. Online Course on Research (http://onlineresearch.in/Default.aspx)