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Short profile:

V.K. Joseph Vincent. is a Ph.D, Research Scholar. He has completed M.A.,M.Phil.,Ph.D. He has research experience of 2 years. He has done academic Project on An Assessment of Rural Irrigation Institutions towards Sustainable Rural Development: A case study of R.S.Mangalam Tank in Ramanathapuram District, Tamilnadu.

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ORIGINAL ARTICLE

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FUNCTIONING OF RURAL INSTITUTIONS IN THE MODERNIZATION OF RURAL TANKS TOWARDS WATERSHED DEVELOPMENT



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ABSTRACT:

Rural Tanks are traditional water storage systems mostly built in all semi-arid and tropical regions of India. These may be a small or large, system or non-system, governmental or zamindhari. They are estimated to be around 2,00,000 in the country. Rural tanks help to maintain ecological maintenance and improve environment. They are fed by their own watersheds but some have supplies augmented from neighbouring basins.

Abstract Report: The Title Accurately Said The Study was About.

INTRODUCTION:

RITs are classified on the basis of activities, ayacut area, catchment inflow and the organizations which involved for maintenance. However, rural tanks have in two different classification. They are system tanks which receives the water from the river / canal and non-system tanks that depends on rain. These rural tanks have different type of problems of improper management of catchment area that leads to reduction in storage, poor maintenance of feeder channels, weakening bunds, drainage, water logging and sever encroachment. The solution to the problem for such rural tanks are the regular maintenance of the ecological zones, through the participation of their ayacut / users.

Introduction Report: This Article Include Full Introduction, Methods, Results & Introduction Section.

METHODS & MATERIALS:

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CONCLUSION:

Through the modernization of rural tanks, the watershed development has to be promoted that create a good climate in the form of more and normal weather conditions and enough rainy days to preserve the total environment system of the surroundings of which promote the sustainable rural development. It is therefore concluded that rural tanks after their modernization bring betterment in villages, through various advantages of the water for all living beings, crop cultivation leads to more food production, sustainable natural vegetation and ground water recharge. The government and NGOs concerned should create awareness among the water users of rural tanks, in order to regular maintenance and conservation, towards sustainable management of water resources that will leads to environmental sustainability.

Conclusion Report: The Text is Rounded off with a Conclusion that Discusses the Implication of The Findings & I deas Discussed & Their Impact on Future Research Direction.

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Reference Report: There are Places where the Author V. K. Joseph Vincent and P. Balamurugan Need to Cite a Reference, but Have Not

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Future Research Suggestions

This Article can expand further research for MINOR/MAJOR Research Project at UGC































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